Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum.

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

Vice-President Arthur's determination not to go to Albany again is most welcome intelligence. There is no especial reason why he should be praised for it, however, since he is merely doing what is decent and proper.

Should the President die, his blood will be the seed of mutual confidence and National concord. And if he lives it will be as a President of a Republic builded on the broadest of foundations.—[Charleston News and Courier (Dem.)

"Resolved, that the humanities are non-partisan." That is the opinion of the Ohio Democrats now. When they pull themselves together after the election they will be convinced that inhumanity is also non-partisan and uncommonly plenty.

The triple alliance of the three Emperors of Russia, Germany and Austria appears to be restored on paper at least, as the Emperor of Russia has ordered the discontinuance of the great work of fortifying the military defences of the German and Austrian frontiers of his empire.

Guiteau has at last been able to gratify his ambition to bring his name prominently before the world and George Francis Train takes advantage of the situation and endeavors to link his fame with that of the dastardly ruffian, evidently with the hope that humiliating as it is to be found in such company it may be the long-looked-for means to bring him from out the obscurity to which his consumate egotism has consigned him.

It is announced in Washington that the Government has prepared sufficient evidence upon which to secure indictments against four or five of the most prominent of the Star Route operators. The evidence is strong enough to guarantee conviction as well as indictment, and no indictment will be brought in any case where the evidence does not seem sufficient to convict. This ought to be reassuring news to General Brady. It is assurance that he will get justice, and this is what he says he is in a great hurry for.

With regard to the scheme of M. de Lesseps for converting the Desert of Sahara into an inland sea, it is well to bear in mind that this project only serves as a blind to the real purpose of the French government which is to build a railroad across the desert from Algeria to the city of Timbuctoo in Central Africa, over a route of highlands and oases already surveyed and found to be perfectly practicable for railway purposes. In preparation for this enterprise the French have long been in possession of the various fertile oases dotting the route.

The nomination of John W. Bookwalter of Springfield, for Governor, is a clear case of brains beaten by a "bar'l." The convention passed over John F. Follett, a courteous and able lawyer, George W. Goddes an accomplished and successful journalist, and Theodore Cook, an ornament of Cincinnati society to nominate a man without political experience or ability. Why was this preference shown? Why was Bookwalter chosen over the heads of better men? Simply because he had money and was willing to spend it in the campaign. This argument in his behalf was not used secretly. It was urged by his supporters on the streets and they even named the precise amount—$50,000—which they claimed that he had pledged. The Democratic Convention did not nominate Bookwalter the man, but his barrel of money. In fact the man without his money would never have got a majority in a Democratic Convention.—*Cleveland Leader.*

A Disgraceful Beginning.

The Ohio Democrats have begun their campaign in a disgraceful manner. To all appearances their candidate for Governor purchased his nomination. Not one Ohio Democratic voter in one thousand ever heard of John W. Bookwalter until a few newspapers were furnished with substantial reasons for trumpeting his praises shortly before the State Convention met. All that is known of him now is that he lives in Springfield, has a lot of money and is building an opera house. In Ohio when a man has more cash than he knows what to do with and wants to advertise the fact, he builds an opera house. It imposes on the imaginations of his fellow-citizens. They know that the investment will be unprofitable, and conclude that he must be fabulously rich to be willing to throw his money about in such a loose and liberal way. Politically, Mr. Bookwalter is a nobody of the nobodies. He is so obscure that even his Democracy was questioned in the Convention. His nomination was brought about by secret methods savoring strongly of bribery. Lest these should fail, the galleries of the theatre where the Convention met were packed with hired shouters brought into Columbus by the train load to hurrah for Bookwalter and to drown with clamor all opposition to him. The delegates who desired to speak in favor of other candidates could not make themselves heard, because of the rumpus raised by Bookwalter's forces.

The *New York Tribune* has the following in regard to the platform: The platform is a monument of impudence and falsehood. Almost every positive declaration in it is in direct contradiction to the acts and principles of the party in times past. Either the Democrats of Ohio are trifling with the truth now when they say they believe these things, or they are confessing that they were in the wrong in previous campaigns when they said they did not believe them. On the first supposition, they are unworthy of confidence; on the other, their conversion is too sudden to entitle them to ask for power at the hands of the people whom they have hitherto tried to lead astray.

Let us see what they say. First, they favor "the equality of all people before the law." Yet they are the same party which opposed with bitter persistency the gift of emancipation and equal civil rights to four millions of American citizens. "Unpolitical legislation" is their next demand. Yet their party has never failed, when in possession of Congress or of State Legislatures, to subordinate the business of law-making to its partisan needs and schemes. "A free and pure ballot-box" comes next. This from a party which struggled for two years in Congress to remove the safeguards of Federal law against the false naturalization, false registry, fraudulent voting, ballot-box stuffing and intimidation! A little further on we come to a condemnation of the last Republican Legislature for "reorganizating the benevolent institutions of the State solely for the purpose and as a means for distributing spoils." This unblushing effrontrev. When the Democrats of Ohio elected the now-forgotten Governor Bishop and carried the Legislature, their first and almost only business was to pass laws reorganizing the State institutions in order that they might fill the places of experienced and competent superintendents, teachers and nurses with Democratic partisans. This performance largely contributed to the overthrow of the party at the following elections. What the Republicans did when they were restored to power was to remedy as far as possible the mischief Democrats had done and restore the State charities to their old condition of efficiency. There is another hypocritical resolution of the same sort aimed at appointments in the punitive institutions, which must have provoked horse laughs from the committee that prepared it, when they remembered how their party, in its eager hunt for spoils during its late brief lease of power, actually dismissed the guards in the penitentiary and the teachers in the reform schools to get places for Democratic politicians.

We next hit upon a resolution "in favor of a civil service whereby officers shall be held to be a public trust to be administered for the public good, not spoils to be enjoyed as the reward of partisan zeal or service." This is good, but it comes from a bad quarter. The Democratic party invented the spoils system in the time of their patron saint, Andrew Jackson. They have never done a solitary public act since to abolish or reform that system. On the contrary, they have never failed when in power to use the offices precisely as they now say they should not be used, "as the reward of partisan zeal or service." When they got control of Congress they even went so far in their shameless greed for office as to turn out one-armed and one-legged soldiers to make room for able-bodied Democratic politicians. Still another piece of glaring inconsistency is encountered in this absurd platform. The interference of the General Government is invoked to control the railroads and prevent them from making unjust discriminating charges. This from a party which sacrificed patriotism to its theories of State Rights in 1861, and have ever since denounced every measure for strengthening the the power and extending the functions of the National Government, is an exhibition of cheek which would be amusing if it were not so characteristic.

Only at the extreme end of the document do we find anything that is honest and significant of the real purposes of the Democracy. Carefully sugared with phrases about "equity," "public burdens" and "encouragement of productive industry" is the old Democratic nostrum, so bitter to the taste of American workingmen, of a tariff for revenue. So devoted are the Democratic doctors to this nostrum and so determined to force it upon the people, that even with the loss of thousands of votes among the mechanics and miners of Ohio staring them in the face as the certain consequence of their folly, they could not refrain from slipping it into the Columbus platform. The iron-workers and coal diggers of the Mahoning, Hocking and Scioto Valleys, and the skilful artisans of Cleveland, Akron, Cincinnati, Springfield, and a score of other busy manufacturing towns, will have their say in November about this latest blow at the protective system.

Our Foreign Debt.

It had been supposed that when the international balance of trade was found to be heavily and permanently in our favor, the English bankers would find means to pay [illegible] balances by the return hither of American securities. But after a time it began to be discovered that only a limited amount of those securities could be made available for that process, as foreign holders clung tenaciously to their chances of dividends and interest from America, and therefore would not sell at the market prices. This will serve to account in some degree for the extraordinary rise in the value of American stocks in London, over which some attempts have been made by financial writers of that city to create an alarm. In point of fact, the English shipments of gold to America continue to be large and steady, while at the same time British capital continues to absorb large amounts of American securities, and there does not appear to be at present any means of averting this incontestable increase of our foreign debt. It is very fortunate, therefore, that the national export trade in domestic productions appears to increase permanently, and to defy all efforts at home and abroad to restrain it within lower limits or to offset it by augmented importations of foreign merchandise. As the major part of the foreign investments in American stocks and bonds are made through purchases for foreign account by banking houses in our own commercial cities, and not, as formerly was the case, by negotiations carried on chiefly in London, our only way of discouraging this increase of the foreign debt appears to be that which was adopted so successfully with the war debt of the national government, that is the steady reduction of the rates of interest. This expedient has been adopted with the new securities issued by some of our States and cities, and latterly has also been applied to the bonds issued by some of our leading railway companies. But so vast is the multitude of American railway corporations, that enterprising foreign capitalists are always sure of finding customers among some of them.—*North American.*

Senator Pendleton is said to be disgusted with the conduct of the Ohio Democrats in nominating a pocketbook for Governor. He was serenaded in Columbus on the evening of the day the Convention met there, but refrained in his speech from making any allusion to the Convention's candidate other than that a ticket had been nominated which would insure work for the party. This is to his credit. The nomination seems to have been sold out to the highest bidder, and he is likely to discover on the day after election that he has paid a high price for an entirely worthless article.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C. July 16, 1881.

It is reported that an agent for paying pensions and four employes (one an $1800 clerk) of the pension Bureau have lately come to grief in this: Not long since a claim was filed for arrears of pensions which was taken up, passed upon favorably by the four clerks referred to, and subsequently paid by the pension agent. The amount was some $1,700 Commissioner Dudley in some way discovered that there had been a previous payment of the claim, and investigation showed that the fact of such payment appeared not only in the files of the office but also on the record of the pension agency when second payment was made. He thereupon notified his careless subordinates that the overpayment must be made good to the government from their salaries. There was some arguing on the part of the clerks but it availed nothing and the loss of the government bids fair to be made good.

The clerks in the census office will be paid office certificates on the 15th instant. Arrangements are said to have been effected with certain bankers to cash the certificates at a small discount.

Oh, the weather here is the greatest trial we have to live under now. Hard work is out of the question.

Phil.

'James A. Garfield is a Gentleman.'

Eugene Davis, official stenographer to the Chicago National Convention, writes as follows to the New York *Tribune*:

Sir: Your editorial of this morning on "The President's Character" recalls to my mind what I thought a rather pretty compliment to General Garfield at the Convention in Chicago which resulted in his nomination for the Presidency. It will be remembered that feeling at the time was very high. The Convention had for days presented a scene of unparalleled excitement. When the thirty-sixth ballot was reached the Garfield ovation began. Of the twelve votes of Connecticut eleven were announced for Garfield, and other States were following. The Grant forces, as all know, were immovable, but most of others were giving way. There were enough "stragglers," however, to invest the vote for a while with some doubt, and of the ten or twelve thousand in the hall, almost everybody keeping an account of the votes as they were announced.

Ohio was entitled to 44 votes in the Convention and on every ballot those 44 votes had been cast and counted with unfailing regularity. On the thirty-sixth ballot, however, for obvious reasons, the call of that State was responded to by the statement that "Ohio casts 43 votes for James A. Garfield." Immediately a lady on the platform, in a tone of much feeling and regret, exclaimed: "One vote short! That's too bad. what does it mean?" Robert Ingersoll, who was standing near, quickly responded: "It means ma'am, that James A. Garfield is a gentleman."

I think it will be universally admitted that in those few words General Garfield's character was neatly epitomized.

OUR EUROPEAN LETTER.

From our regular correspondent.

Berlin, Germany, July 1, 1881.

Concerning the threat of transfering the seat of the Prussian and Imperial German Government from Berlin to Cassel, which Prince Bismarck did not hesitate to hold out in one of his recent speeches, the *Deutsche Montagsblatt* refers to certain words uttered by Emperor William in 1870 at Versailles at a time when the first movement became manifest to offer him the German Imperial Crown. The Emperor, whose modest nature not only did not covet the new distinction, but rather shrank from it, then said: "But I owe duties to Prussia. In case I accept the Emperorship, my son may probably be sure to retain Berlin as a residence, perhaps even my grandson, while my great-grandson may say: "Why should I remain in the Sandy Mark! Heidelburgh or Frankfort are more attractive, let us establish the Emperor residence there. Then will my Prussian rise and ask: What does all this mean? We once had a king who lived and dwelt among us. Has he forsaken us?" These words of the Emperor, Privy Councillor Louis Schneider, confirms them. There surely is no doubt of their hitting the nail on the head. Who can help seeing that this is far more a dynastic than a Parliamentary question, upon which the whole Prussian and German future depends? And all for what? The mere discussion of a reform in the rent-tax! The German capital is not like London and Paris, the capital also of learning and art. As to the stage Vienna and Dresden have long been its superiors, and during the last ten years or so slowly but surely a new rival has sprung up in the Count. Theatre of little Meiningen, a town of little more than 7,000 inhabitants, the exceptional brilliancy of the theatre being therefore, due solely to the fostering care and indefatigable labors of art-loving Duke; affording thereby another proof, if proof were needed, that however hampering, politically speaking, the many petty States of Germany have shown themselves for the welfare of the country, the cultivation of art is greatly indebted to them. We are at once reminded of that neighboring count of Weimer which, at the end of the last century, small though it was, became the centre of all that was solid and brilliant in the intellectual life of Germany. No doubt, the high minded Duke George would gladly gather around himself a similar assembly, if only a circle of such men as Go the, Schiller, Wieland, Herder, Knebel Sukendorff, Musaus, and such names as Frane. Strein and Corona Schroter could as easily be obtained. So he made it his task to do homage to their spirit by placing the best of their dramatic works, nay the dramatic masterpieces of the whole modern world in a masterly manner on the stage, shrining from no labor in now assiduously searching for an exact historical costume with the minutest details, now in designing himself some adequate scenery or in personally superintending almost every rehearsal, after having in many cases previously gone through the parts with the actors privately.

The indefatigable "puffing" of national wa ering-places and summer resorts is now at its height, and the columns of the Press are filled with the most flattering descriptions of unsuspected health restoring locations and unknown Eldorados. There are those with mineral springs and balmy mountain breezes that cure every mortal complaint upon earth; there are those situated in the very lap of smiling valleys, protected against the rough travelling of northern Eolians, and where the season is a regular paradise from May 1st, to October 14th, and there are those with wordly *Cursalons* surrounded by lovely walks and coffee-room, and card-rooms, and conversation halls, and wonderful bands playing boom-boomrassassa, morning, noon and night, to help your digestion and brush up your poor lives an send you into everlasting bliss on the other side of old Hans Breitmann's *Ewigkeit.*

August.

The Expansive Power of Water.

It is a well know, but not the less remarkable, fact that if the tip of an exceedingly small tube be dipped into water, the water will rise spontaneously in the tube throughout its entire length. This may be shown in a variety of ways; for instance when a piece of sponge, or sugar or cotton is just allowed to touch the water, these substances, being composed of numberless little tubes, draw up the water and the whole becomes wet. It is said to *suck up* or *imbibe* the moisture. We see the same wonderful action going on in nature in the rising of the sap through the small tubes or pores of the wood, whereby the leaves and upper portions of the plant derive nourishment from the ground.

This strange action is called "capillary," from the resemblance the minute tubes bear to a hair, the Latin of which is *capillus.* It is, moreover, singular that the absorption of the water takes place with great force. If a dry sponge be inclosed tightly in a vessel it will expand when wetted with sufficient force to burst it, unless very strong.

Wood which is a more unyielding material, acts with tremendous force when wetted, and advantage has been taken of this fact in splitting blocks of granite. This process is largely adopted in Dartmoor.

After a mass of granite has been rent from the mountains by blasting it is measured in every direction to see how best to divide it into smaller blocks. These are traced out by straight lines on the surface, and a series of holes are drilled at short intervals along this line, wedges of dry wood are then tightly driven into the holes and wetted and the combined action of the swelling wood splits the block in the direction required and without any destructive violence. The same process is then carried out upon the other faces, and the roughly shapen block finished with the hammer and chisel.

A Delicate Subject.

A Church dignitary, whose jurisdiction embraced a vast region of the West, and afforded several kinds of climate, was greeted by a clerical friend with no end of questions as they were riding up town in a crowded car. Inquiries spiritual were poured in at a rapid rate, and then the matter of his temporal environment was the subject of discussion. The Western shepherd was speaking of the extremes of temperature to which they were subjected in the district where he resided. Suddenly his New York friend asked, "How does your wife stand the heat?"

A peculiar look stole into the countenance of the ecclesiastic from beyond the Mississippi as he quietly answered, 'My wife has bean dead a year.'

The infelicity of mentioning an elevated temperature in connection with the departed was too much for the Knickerbocker. He left at the next corner.—*Harper's Drawer.*

Persons and Events.

An aged brother of General Sam Houston is living in Chicago.

The widow of the late E. A. Sothern is dangerously ill from cancer.

Garibaldi now enjoys a pension of $6,000 a year from King Humbert's civil list.

Minister to Austria Kasson is talked of as a candidate for the United States Senate.

Rafael Joseffy has taken out his "first papers" preliminary to becoming an American citizen.

An exchange says "morphine has probably had a great deal to do with the President's bright remarks.

A Chicago police justice last week gave a foundling the name of Charles Guiteau to the great indignation of the people.

Mustapha, the Tunisian Premier, is quite a lion in Paris. His portrait is in all newspaper booth's and print-shop windows.

An Indiana man (so called for want of suitable word), is trying to bring a suit for slander in the courts against his mother.

Mr. Carter, our new minister to Venezuela, was formerly professor of law in the University of Mississippi. He speaks Spanish fluently.

The Boston *Transcript* says that General Gordon carries four bullets about in his body, but they are in his legs and do not trouble him.

Mrs. Silas Raymond of Onargo, Ill., died on Friday from the nervous shock she received on hearing of the attempted murder of the President.

The late M. Dufraure left instructions in his will that no speeches should be made over his grave, and that there should be no military escort of his coffin.

To-co-be, chief of the Shoshone Indians, of Nevada, is a successful cattle breeder and mining speculator. He keeps his carriage and drives a handsome team before it, "same as white folks."

F. N. Chrouch, the author of the famous song "Kathleen Mavourneen," an Englishman who was a soldier in the Confederate army is living at Baltimore, at the age of more than seventy years, and in straitened circumstances.

Senator Lamar, of Mississippi has two married daughters and one who is still a school girl. He has also a little grandson who is his namesake. His house at Oxford is a plain one. He is very fond of his registered Jersey cattle.

Poetry.

Lost, a Boy.

He went away from the old hearthstone,
Only two years ago,
A laughing, frolicking fellow,
It would do you good to know.
Since then we have not seen him,
And we say with nameless pain,
The boy that we knew and loved so
We shall never see again.

One bearing the name we gave him
Comes home to us to-day,
But this is not the dear fellow
We kissed and sent away.
Tall as the man he calls father,
With a man's look in his face,
Is he who takes by the hearthstone
The lost boy's olden place.

We miss the laugh that makes music
Wherever this lost boy went,
This man has a smile most winsome,
His eyes have a grave intent;
We know he is thinking and planning
His way in the world of men,
And we cannot help but love him,
But long for our own boy again.

We are proud of this manly fellow
Who comes to take his place,
With hints of the vanished boyhood
In his earnest, thoughtful face;
And yet comes back the longing,
The boy we henceforth must miss,
Whom we sent away from the hearthstone
Forever with a kiss.

Our Story Teller.

The Fair Client.

'I tell you once more,' said Frank Morton to his pretty cousin Dora Leslie—Mrs. Leslie. indeed she ought to be written for she was not only a wife but a widow—"I tell you once more you might as well talk to a stick or a stone about justice or mercy as to old Fred Linch. A stick or stone,' he repeated, 'better—better ten times talk to them on the subject than to him, for they wear no semblance of humanity. You expect nothing from stones and sticks, and—'

'I beg your pardon, Frank,' interrupted the pretty widow, 'I expect the stick you are twirling about so vehemently will break my looking-glass.'

'Pshaw! exclaimed the young man, 'you may expect that; but what can you expect from a pettifogging attorney?'

'A good deal Frank. An amount of costs, a multiplication of falsehoods, a perversion of truth, a perplexing of facts, a discoloration of objects, ruin as the result, and ignorance as to common honesty, a proficiency in dishonesty—in short a combination of evils which no other human being could gather together, by which he lives and we die. You have only to tell me that a man is a pettifogger, and I vanish; and as to old Lynch,in addition to bearing the plague spot of his 'profession,' forsooth about him smelling of parchments, of looking latitats, his is old and ugly; so spare your invectives, Frank abridge your censure, and just tell me what I can do in the matter. Paint law in soot, and I shall swear it to be snow?'

'Upon my word, I believe I had better leave it to you, my dear Dora to paint it—your colors will not be over delicate, nor your sketch *coleur de rose*. What in the world has made you so bitter against the men of law?'

'Pshaw!' she replied laughing, 'don't you know? 'A suit in chancery' bequeathed to me by my grandfather, and another in 'the Pleas,' beside the disputed 'will cause.'"

'But you triumphed in the two last, and surely there is a prospect of the chancery suit being to a conclusion.'

'As to the triumph,' replied Dora 'the triumph simply was that my lawyers were greater rogues than those employed by my adversary, and so—I triumphed! I have not the least objection to continue the chancery suit; I really think it contributes to keep me in health—it gives me excitement, something to think of and to do; something to vent my spleen upon when I am splenetic, and my laughter when I am mischievous. But you are not so easily situated. You, my dear Frank are of a peace-loving, gentle nature, and so seek peace even with law—nay, I think you'd go a little further and expect—love!'

'Really,Dora,you are provoking,' answered her cousin, while his cheeks flushed and his eyes sparkled. 'You know it is a matter of life and death with me; you know that I love his niece with my whole soul; you know that by the terms of her father's will she cannot marry before she is of age without having her uncle's consent—for if she does she forfeits her inheritance, and she is now only—'

'Nineteen,' said Mrs. Leslie.

'No, Dora, only eighteen and three months,' replied the lover.

'What a wicked thing of fathers to prevent their daughters becoming the prey of mercenary spendthrifts,' observed the lady jerking off her netting stirrup and rolling it up with great deliberation.

'You know I am not mercenary, nor am I a spendthrift,' he answered, seriously.

'You look sharply after your fair one's fortune. at all events,' persisted Mrs. Leslie.

'My own means would not give to Anna the luxuries or even the comforts which she has been accustomed to,' said Frank Morton, still more seriously. 'And I should, indeed feel ashamed of myself if I induced a young girl to abandon her birthright and embrace comparative poverty for my gratification. No—If her uncle persists in refusing his consent I have made up my mind to wait until she is of age—two years and nine months!—three centuries of a lover's life. I shall be an old man by that time.'

'Nearly eight-and-twenty!' laughed his cousin; 'and Anna an old woman.'

'Besides there is no knowing what may happen between this and then.'

'Very true—you may fall in love with some one else—nay, with half a dozen.'

'Impossible—quite—quite—impossible,' replied the lover fervently.

'Ah, Frank,' said the cousin with one of her most mischievous looks, 'so you told me about twelve years ago under the cherry tree at Bernewood. You were a great, lubberly boy, a week escape from a jacket high shoes, and nankeens, and I just going to be married and my head divided between love of my *trousseau* and love of poor, dear Leslie. You said then, while the tears ran down—a-down your fat cheeks, that you were miserable, and should never love any one but your cousin Dora; and you wrote verses comparing my heart to a black heart cherry. I think I have them somewhere, and will show them to Anna as a specimen of your constancy. You are certainly greatly improved since then.'

'I am sorry I cannot return the compliment,' said Mr. Morton bowing, 'and as you only seem inclined to laugh at what I fancied you might have sympathized with, I will wish you good-morning.'

'Nay, cousin, exclaimed Mrs. Leslie, I did but jest. I thought you knew me too well to mind jesting. There; I will not tell Anna, lest she should be jealous of the first love fancy of a boy of fourteen for his cousin of four-and-twenty—twelve years to boot. But this Lynch—this girt of granite in the wheel of love; this hunks, this sweep-faced hard hearted curmudgeon—how shall I manage him?'

'He knows you very well. If you were only to go and tell him how much we loved each other.'

'You mean Anna and you I suppose,' said Mrs. Leslie unable to conquer her desire for jesting.

'To be sure I do,' he replied. 'You just tell him how very devoted we are to each other.'

'No; that he would not care for.'

'How respectable I'm connected.'

'That is nothing to him.'

'How happy we should be.'

'Destruction at once to your suit. Those who are not happy themselves never promote the happiness of others.'

'Well, then how grateful we should be.'

'Gratitude bears no percentage. That won't do.'

'I am sure I do not know what to say, Dora,' answered her cousin who was anything but fruitful in expedients. 'He can make us happy if he will—if not we will wait and when the time comes be happy in spite of him.'

'You throw me completely on my own resources,' said the widow; 'but the first step is for me to become his client.'

'A fair client most certainly' answered her cousin. 'But you have no lawsuit at present. You would not certainly turn your chancery business over to his hands?'

'No; certainly not.'

'But you are not engaged in any lawsuit?' persisted Frank.

'No; but I may be if I like cousin mine. We manufacture our own misery, why not our own law?'

'But I confess I do not see what that has to do with my marrying his niece.'

'I do,' she replied; and wishing her perplexed cousin good-morning the lady withdrew, returning the next moment to add: 'Now keep up your spirits. Frank do not do anything desperate; do not even take an overdose of champagne. I remember when your love for me took a desparing turn—you, boy like, eat it off. Your mother declared you spent a fortune in cheese cakes. I feared you might in a spirit of manliness, endeavor to drink this off. But do not Frank, rely upon me—I will put everything in order before the sun sets.' And again she vanished, leaving Frank Morton half offended, half amused, and most anxious as to the result—comforted, nevertheless, because he believed in the contrivance and spirit of Mrs. Leslie.

The same afternoon Mrs. Leslie drove up to Mr. Lynch's office in her carriage, and having learned that he was at home, she took sundry letters and a parchment or two, tied with the 'professional red tape,' from the servant's hands and entered his sanctum. Nothing could be more unpromising than the opening of the campaign. It was evident that the old man suspected she came to press her cousin's suit, and upon every wrinkle of his face was written 'denial.' His mouth drawn into a hooting 'No!' his brow contracted, his feet firmly set upon the ground, his hand rigid to the very tips of his fingers, he looked as if steeped in the very essence of perverseness; and not even when his fair client commenced explaining the business upon which she came did he change. Nor was the change sudden, despite her desire to draw him away from his suspicions. He seemed to consider her the embodiment of a proposal for his niece and her money, and she had gone a long way with her 'statement' before he forgot the uncle in the attorney, and at last became oblivious to all considerations save the prospect of a 'suit at law.' Slowly the muscles of his mouth relaxed; his features fell into their usual place; his monosyllables extended into penetrating inquiries.

It was at once evident to Mr. Lynch that if what his fair client stated was true,she would be entitled to a vast addition to her income. As the very anticipation of such an event trebled his respect,she became—his "dear lady;" and this feeling rapidly increased when she entreated him to keep their interview a profound secret, particularly from certain members of the profession whom she named, stating that she should leave the entire conduct of the suit in his hands without further anxiety. She managed the interview with the skill and grace of an accomplished actress; and the shrewd attorney accepted an invitation to dine with her the next day.

Frank became desperately impatient. An entire week had passed (a year of a lover's life), and to all his inquiries the widow replied with badinage and laughter. Her intimacy with Mr. Lynch grew into a nine day's wonder. On the tenth day the miser made a feast, and she dined with him. Again he dined with her, and the next morning the fair and faithless client presented Frank with Mr. Lynch's written permission for his marriage with his, Mr. Lynch's niece.

Meanwhile it was evident to Frank Morton that his cousin was wearying of the toils she herself had woven. The novelty of her position bewitching, yet what she loathed; the metamorphosis that witchery had wrought on the old man: the necessity for bringing the matter to a speedy termination, rendered her more restless, more capricious,more teasing and tormenting than usual; and when she withdrew her cousin into one of those shut-up sort of obscurities, half room, half closet, with ladies in their fantasy drape in pink calico and coarse muslin, and then pronounced it a boudoir, he thought the spell would have been broken, the mystery explained to his entire satisfaction—but he was quite at fault.

"Frank," said Mrs. Leslie, 'you must manage to marry Anna within a week—within three days, in fact. I am tired to death of Lynch, and want to get to Brighton. He may revoke, so get married at once, and then you have his consent to plead; but it must be within three days. It was vastly amusing at first, but I cannot keep it up. I must avoid seeing him again until the knot is tied."

Mrs. Leslie yawned and remained silent. Frank took her advice and pleaded his cause—the cause of both—so successfully with Anna, that the ceremony was performed, and confessed, a few hours afterward, on bended knee to the old lady's uncle. Mr. Lynch was very angry. His fair client had not received his visits or replied to his notes during the last two or three days; and determined to be both heard and seen, he almost forced his way into the little pink boudoir. She held out one hand to greet him, and covered her face with the other in a half-coquettish sort of way as if ashamed of her naughtiness.

"I knew you would forgive them," she said. "And after all it could not make much difference to you, for they would have waited, and you would have only lost the turning of the money for three years."

The old man shuddered at the loss, but endeavored to turn it off with a complimentary phrase or two, that came out very slowly. He evidently wished to avoid that subject, but clung to the other, and rushed into the intricacies of the projected suit at law with as much zeal and activity as if it had been the opportunity of his life for legal distinction.

"He had," he said, "taken counsel's opinion on the statement she had committed to his care, and he believed that in a short time he should have to congratulate her on a splendid addition to her income; and he hoped she would remember the gratitude which she said must be felt toward him who had the good fortune to advise and direct her proceedings."

His manner was really something to make Mrs. Leslie feel embarrassed; something to perceive that perplexity was as new to her as was love to Mr. Lynch, and for once that to her capricious nature novelty failed to be delightful. At last she said:

"I hope, my good sir, you will forgive the little jest I practiced on you just for the purpose of making these people happy. I told you I had a suit at common law and a disputed will case, and you were so good as to feel greatly interested therein. You saw at once how just my causes were."

"Certainly, certainly," replied Mr. Lynch.

"The documents that I showed you were the documents that accompanied my suits into courts. Upon them I received my verdicts, and I have the satisfaction of seeing that you quite agreed with what has been done. The fortune you have promised I have enjoyed these ten years! I sought to interest you in my own affairs that you might—in short take pity on your niece or rather, I should say, render her justice! Frank's eloquence and tears had alike failed to produce the desired effect, and I sought to gain a temporary influence over you by the temptation of a double lawsuit."

Mr. Lynch trembled from head to foot. At last he exclaimed.

"Worse than that, madam, worse than that. There was another temptation you did not disdain to hold out—the possession of that hand, madam; of that hand upon which the very last time I saw you I counted eleven rings, and all of value."

The widow could not resist this climax. She laughed mightily, and became quite herself when the old gentleman threatened to sue her for breach of marriage.

But Mr. Lynch did not bring an action—he did not even charge the widow with the fee he had paid for counsel's opinion. He abandoned his new finery, resumed his old suit, withdrew his forgiveness from his niece, and registered a vow in Westminster Hall to have nothing more to do with fair clients.

Local Small Talk.

—Soda water men are reaping their harvest just now.

—It's about time for another batch of Democratic candidates for Sheriff to come to the front.

—The recent reorganization of the National Guard does not affect Company B, of this place, whatever.

—The members of Gregg Post, G. A. R., are making active preparations for the encampment at Gettysburg.

—It is said that Bellefonte has not been visited in many years by so many strangers as the present season.

—Ice cream and soda water men don't do any growling this kind of weather. There's too much wealth in it.

—Mr. Ferdinand Beezer, the distiller, is erecting for himself a new house near the sight of the old dwelling, in Benner township.

—That promised cool wave turns out to have been a hot one. Whoever is responsible for the shameful deception ought to be quartered.

—The large smoke stack which now looms up above the car shops, from the engine house, lends a business-like aspect to the establishment.

—The force of men at the car works is shortly to be increased to two hundred and fifty men. The shops will then turn out from six to eight cars per day.

—Vennor said July would be hot, but thus far the highest point the mercury has succeeded in crawling to is only 104° in the shade. What a great liar that Canadian is.

—House flies are bolder than usual this season, which adds to the discomfort of the warm weather. Their impudent forwardness plays sad havoc with the morals of bald headed people.

—A little of the Maine liquor law might work well in Bellefonte. It sends a man to jail thirty days for getting drunk, and ninety days for a second offense. Such a law exerts a healthy influence on the morals of a community.

—These are dry times for the local reporter. It's so infernal hot that nobody does anything worth writing about. Our only hope for a new sensation during this weather is based on the possibility that some poor wretch will commit suicide to escape the heat.

—Our male population is watching, with no little alarm, the desperate efforts of some of our young ladies to again introduce the ancient custom of wearing hoopskirts. If this thing is allowed to go on a special meeting of Town Council will have to be called to take some action in regard to widening the borough sidewalks.

—The new bank building, which the officials of the Centre county bank contemplate erecting on their property on the corner of Spring and High streets, is to cost $19,000, by architect's estimate. Such a structure, and there seems to be little doubt but that the building will be erected, would add wonderfully to the appearance of this part of town.

—Mr. William Beckwith, of Port Matilda, is the proud possessor of a pair of fine wild turkeys—both females—which he captured last winter from a flock that visited his premises frequently to obtain food. They manifest little fear towards any of the family, but if approached by strangers become greatly excited. Mr. B., who, by the way, is one of the most successful hunters of that region, is strongly attached to his pets, and wouldn't take a farm for them.

—The annual picnic of the Episcopal Sunday-school, which took place at Snow Shoe Thursday, was one of the most pleasant social gatherings of the kind held this summer—at least it is so reported by those who were present. They used special cars attached to the early morning freight, leaving here at about half-past seven, and returning arrived home at eight o'clock in the evening. The party numbered about two hundred.

—The inmates of Senator C. T. Alexander's residence were treated to a delightful clarionet serenade at an early hour Wednesday morning. The young ladies who were visiting there were, we hear, "charmed all to pieces" by the bewitching strains, and if the hour had not been so early the obliging musician would not have gotten away from the premises without receiving some token of their appreciation. The only thing that occurred to mar the sweet influences of the proceeding was the narrow escape of the house dog from being scared to death. At first the brute was disposed to add his cultured voice to that of the instrument, but when, a moment later, the musician struck a high note, the "purp" immediately struck, too—for the cellar door. A strong impression has existed in the minds of some, since the occurrence, that the gay musician was no less a personage than "Dock" Geissinger, in disguise; but they are evidently mistaken in this, as there's only one man in Bellefonte who can successfully wrestle with a clarionet, and his name's Beck.

That Snow Shoe Disturbance.

A CORRESPONDENT GIVES SOME FACTS IN THE MATTER.

The Bellefonte papers, like some grand juries and courts, seem to be organized in the interest of John Uzzle of Snow Shoe, if we may judge from the reports contained in some of the papers—in fact, all of them—regarding the disturbance at his hotel on the evening of July 2d. The reports said that there was a riot at Uzzle's tavern, and that Uzzle, in order to protect himself, had to fire three shots from his rifle (an 18-shooting Winchester) into a crowd of eight or ten men in order to quell the riot, or words to that effect.

Uzzle is known to the people of this section. He is known to the people of your town. He is known to your courts, if the record of his many convictions therein is notice of anything. The records of the court as to *sentences* show that there must be a bond of union somewhere stronger than the blind goddess' love of justice. The record made already in this case shows that the ermine may be degraded from the throne of justice down to the functions of a committing magistrate, in order, perhaps, to gain the friendship of a political ally and a companion on a fishing and coal-exploring expedition.

On the night of the second of July two coal miners entered John Uzzle's brothel. One of them made a simple inquiry of the proprietor. Uzzle's response was, "Get out of my house, you ——," at the same time making a brutal assault upon one of them. He failed either to use fist or foot to advantage upon the little coal miner. He called to his son to bring his ever-ready revolver, and he "would shoot the ——."

The little coal miner at this point knocked the bully down, and left the premises. Like an enraged animal, this bully of the mountains, rising to his feet, attempted the tactics he has followed for many years. He struck right and left at whoever was in his way. He struck at another miner—a quiet spectator of the fray—gave him a black eye, and in return therefor was felled to the floor, as he deserved. He was now enraged beyond description. He rushed behind the bar for his loaded revolver. It was not there. His son, wiser than he, put out the lights of the bar room, and the actors and spectators retired across the road. Uzzle ran up stairs, seized his 18-shooting rifle, and deliberately fired three shots into the crowd. One of the bullets struck a miner named John Cherry on the head, but an inch from the brain, leaving a slight scar. The second shot struck the same man in the foot and made him a cripple for life. The third shot fortunately proved harmless.

On the following day Uzzle notified the victims that unless they fled the county he would arrest them all and send them to jail. On Monday, his Honor, Judge Orvis, arrived at Snow Shoe on his way to the trout streams to fish. Uzzle informed him of the Saturday night's occurrence, when his Honor himself issued a warrant for the arrest of the wounded man and three others. As a committing magistrate, the Judge sent the four to jail in default of one thousand dollars bail! What for? Was it because John Uzzle shot at and tried to kill them? Two of the victims were mere spectators, had nothing to do with the disturbance. Yet they are in jail, They are all comparative strangers in this neighborhood. They have been peaceable, hard-working men since they came among us. We ask the miners of this region if they think any one of them could get $1,000 bail in case John Uzzle should shoot any of them. We ask the four of John Uzzle's victims if they expect to get justice when their case comes up in court to be tried by the same magistrate who heard the case and sent them to jail just before he went fishing with John Uzzle.

JUSTICE.

Prevention of Sunstroke.

People who do not take good care of themselves are liable to be prostrated by sunstroke at most any hour of the day during this extreme warm weather, and the following hints for its prevention, by Dr. Edward C. Mann, of New York, may be read with profit at this time. Our readers should give it a careful perusal, and then paste it in their scrap books:

"To avoid sunstroke, exercise, in excessively hot weather, should be very moderate; the clothing should be thin and loose, and an abundance of cold water should be drank. Workmen and soldiers should understand that as soon as they cease to perspire while working or marching in the hot sun they are in danger of sunstroke, and they should immediately drink water freely and copiously to afford matter for cutaneous transpiration, and also keep the skin and clothing wet with water. Impending sunstroke may often be warded off by these simple measures. Besides the cessation of perspiration, the pupils are apt to be contracted, and there is great frequency of micturition—there is marked exhaustion, with a weak pulse, resulting from the cold water application, we should administer stimulants. The free use of water, however, both externally and internally, by those exposed to the direct rays of the sun, is the best prophylactic against sunstroke, and laborers or soldiers, and others who adopt this measure, washing their hands and faces, as well as drinking copiously of water every time they come within reach of it, will generally enjoy perfect immunity from sunstroke. Straw hats should be worn, ventilated at the top, and the crown of the hat filled with green leaves or a wet sponge. It is better to wear thin flannel shirts, in order not to check perspiration."

Reducing the National Guard.

The order reducing the National Guard of the State from five brigades to three was issued on Saturday. Under this order the two brigades west of the Alleghenies are made into one, to be known as the Second, and commanded by General James A. Beaver, of this place. The brigade is composed of the Fifth, Tenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Regiments, and Sheridan Troop of Tyrone. The Fifth regiment, Col. Theodore Burchfield, headquarters at Altoona, has eight companies, as follows: Company A, Ebensburg, Captain S. W. Davis; Company B, Bellefonte, Captain Amos Mullen; Company C, Hollidaysburg, Captain J. P. Stewart; Company D, Saltsburg, Captain Robert J. Irwin (formerly Co. D, Tenth regiment); Company F, Indiana, Captain Adam C. Braughler (formerly Co. F, Tenth regiment); Company G, Lewistown, Captain J. S. Garrett; Company H, Johnstown, Captain Samuel P. Morrell; Company I, Bedford, Captain S. F. Statler.

Severely Caned.

For many years the Sommervilles—father and sons—have been closely identified with the mining of coal at Snow Shoe. Of late years Mr. James L. Sommerville, of this place, has been mining coal for the Snow Shoe railroad company, but since the purchase of the property by Messrs. Berwind, White & Co., the latter have deemed it best to mine the coal themselves, consequently on the 1st day of July Mr. Sommerville handed over the mines to Mr. Wm. J. Nicolls, general manager, and relinquished his contract. It was on this occasion that Mr. Sommerville was caned "by the miners and friends of Snow Shoe"—so the inscription reads—and it is so engraved on the gold head of an exquisite cane which was presented to him on Tuesday evening. Mr. Sommerville commands the respect of his former workmen and the admiration of his friends for his sterling Christian qualities, and the presentation of the cane was a tribute of affection from both.

—Messrs. George W. McSherry and L. B. Wolff, theological students, have been appointed by Rev. Dr. Ells, secretary of the western division of the Pennsylvania Bible Society, to distribute and sell Bibles and Testaments in Centre county. They have begun work at Bellefonte, and we bespeak in their behalf the patronage and encouragement of the Christian community. The object of their canvassing the county is not only to sell, but to distribute Bibles wherever there may be destitution, and to receive donations from all who take an interest in the spread of God's Word under the supervision of the Bible society.

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-21f

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST,
Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office next to Garman's hotel. in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

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G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER,
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A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.
Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

H. K. HOY, M. D.
Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

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Opposite Academy of Fine Arts; three squares from Academy of Music; one square from Public Buildings and Masonic Temple.
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Miscellaneous.

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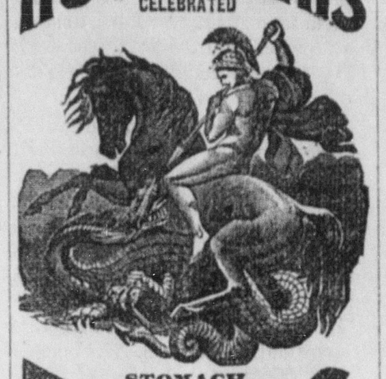
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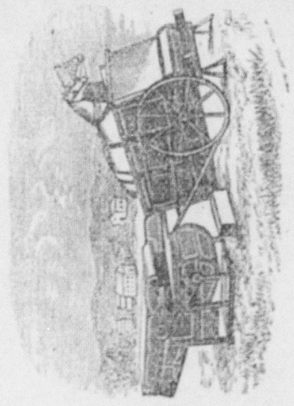

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All work warranted. Send for price list and give me a trial.
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ALL THE NEWS OF THE DAY IS GIVEN in the REPUBLICAN.

Miscellaneous.

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The Largest and most Successful Agricultural Implement Warehouse in Central Pennsylvania.

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MOWERS AND REAPERS have been in use in Centre county longer than any other make. They run light, do the very best work and live longer than any other harvesting machines in use, and are sold at the lowest prices:
No. 1, wheel geared Mower, front cut.
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No. 6 is the celebraed Wheeler Combined Machine, with the rolling head-rake, the favorite of the field—mows, reaps, rakes off or works with a drop. A boy 14 years old can operate it,.....
With platform and rake,.....
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No. 9, " " 8 foot cut.
We make a discount for cash or sell on liberal time to responsible parties. It pays the farmer to deal with us.
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GLEANER AND BINDER, one of the improvements of the age. It gleans and binds grain with wire. A boy can operate it. With a Wheeler side delivery Reaper and this Binder two boys can do the harvesting of a large sized farm. Farmers are requested to call and see it. You save money by coming to our store to buy.
THE McSHERRY GRAIN DRILL, with wooden pin, gum spring and fertilizer attachment. We only ask a fair trial to convince any farmer that the McSherry is the best in the market.
THE GEISER GRAIN THRESHERS AND SEPARATORS recommend themselves.
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Several makes of low-priced plows, cultivators, harrows, walking and riding two-horse cultivators, road plows, shovel plows, &c.
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THE AMERICAN IMPROVED is one of the best made. We sell at low prices.
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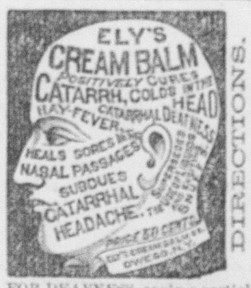

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For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the head, &c., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breaths through the nose. It will be absorbed, cleansing and healing the diseased membrane.
FOR DEAFNESS, apply a particle into the ear
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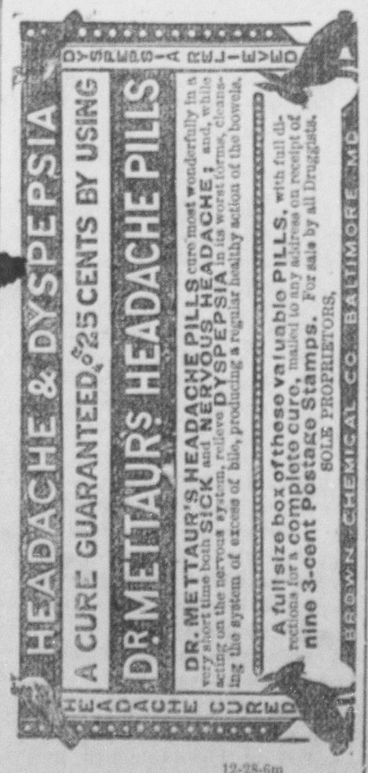
Having gained an enviable local reputation, displacing all other preparations in the vicinity of discovery, is, on its merits alone, recognized as a wonderful remedy wherever known. A fair trial will convince the most skeptical of its curative powers. It effectually cleanses the nasal passages of Catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions, allays inflammation and irritation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized after a few applications. A thorough treatment as directed will cure Catarrh. As a household remedy for cold in the head it is unequaled. The Balm is easy to use and agreeable. Sold by druggists at 50 cents. On receipt of 50 cents will mail a package. Send for circular with full information.
ELY'S CREAM BALM CO., Owego, N.Y.
For sale by F. Potts Green, druggist, and by wholesale druggists generally. 9-26t [28-14t]



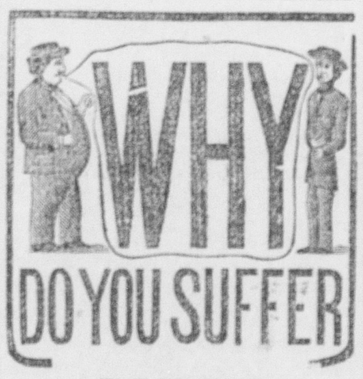
12-28-6m

Rose of Cashmere Hair Tonic.
THIS preparation is made from the roses of the Valley of Cashmere, and is entirely from sulphur, lead and other poisonous and irritating substances. It is richly perfumed and renders the use of pomades, hair oils, &c., unnecessary. It preserves, softens and beautifies the hair and gives it a rich lustre. It is excellent for an irritating or inflamed scalp. It never turns rancid. Your druggist sells a large bottle for 50 cents. Aschenbach & Miller, proprietors, 3d and Callowhill streets Philadelphia, Pa. 12-20-1y 13-2

Medical.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM
OF LYNN, MASS.

DISCOVERER OF
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
The Positive Cure
For all Female Complaints.
This preparation, as its name signifies, consists of Vegetable Properties that are harmless to the most delicate invalid. Upon one trial the merits of this Compound will be recognized, as relief is immediate; and when its use is continued, in ninety-nine cases in a hundred, a permanent cure is effected, as thousands will testify. On account of its proven merits, it is to-day recommended and prescribed by the best physicians in the country.
It will cure entirely the worst form of falling of the uterus, Leucorrhœa, Irregular and painful Menstruation, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Floodings, all Displacements and the consequent spinal weakness, and is especially adapted to the Change of Life. It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors there is checked very speedily by its use.
In fact it has proved to be the greatest and best remedy that has ever been discovered. It permeates every portion of the system, and gives new life and vigor. It removes faintness, flatulency, destroys all craving for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the stomach
It cures Bloating, Headaches, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion. That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backache, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times, and under all circumstances, act in harmony with the law that governs the female system.
For Kidney Complaints of either sex this compound is unsurpassed.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price $1.00. Six bottles for $5.00. Sent by mail in the form of pills, also in the form of Lozenges, on receipt of price, $1.00, per box, for either. Mrs. PINKHAM freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above *Mention this paper.*
No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS. They cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.
SOLD BY F. POTTS GREEN,
12-41-1y Bellefonte.



With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called
GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT
It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by
F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

PE-RU-NA
is nature's greatest remedy. Dr. Hartman prescribed it to 40,000 patients, all of whom recovered or were much improved.
PERUNA can be taken by every one—the young, the middle-aged, the old, the babe and the mother.
PERUNA always agrees with the patient. It cleanses the system of all its impurities, tones the stomach, regulates the heart, unlocks the secretions of the liver, strengthens the nerves and invigorates the brain.
PERUNA is the greatest appetizer, makes blood, and to the weary and tired from the toils and cares of the day it gives sweet and refreshing sleep.
PERUNA should be taken by every body before each meal, when well, to prevent sickness; when sick, to cure. $100 will be paid for a case it will not cure or help.
PERUNA is composed of all vegetable ingredients; each one a great remedy in itself. (See pamphlet).
It is pleasant to the taste, and will help the stomach to digest any article of food.
For a book which will enable you to treat yourself, address S. B. HARTMAN & CO., COLUMBUS, OHIO. Always regulate the bowels and pelvic organs with
MAN-A-LIN
12-13-1y

VARIOUS CAUSES—
Advancing years, care, sickness, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition—all operate to turn the hair gray, and either of them inclines it to shed prematurely. AYER'S HAIR VIGOR will restore faded or gray, light or red hair to a rich brown or deep black, as may be desired. It softens and cleanses the scalp, giving it a healthy action. It removes and cures dandruff and humors. By its use falling hair is checked, and a new growth will be produced in all cases where the follicles are not destroyed or the glands decayed. Its effects are beautifully shown on brashy, weak, or sickly hair, on which a few applications will produce the gloss and freshness of youth. Harmless and sure in its operation, it is incomparable as a dressing, and is especially valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts. It contains neither oil nor dye, and will not soil or color white cambric; yet it lasts long on the hair, and keeps it fresh and vigorous.
For sale by all dealers. 12-40-1y 2

LETTING—PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING a school house at Sugar Camp, Snow Shoe township, will be received by the Secretary of the School Board until July 9th, 1881. The work will be given out to the lowest bidder. Specifications can be seen on Secretary's book, at Abel Campbell's, at any time. Building must be finished by September 15, 1881. The School Board reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
26-3t ABEL CAMPBELL,
Sec'y Snow Shoe School Dist.

Miscellaneous.

Kendall's Spavin Cure.

It Cures Spavins, Splints, Curbs, Ringbones, and all similar Blemishes, and Removes the Bunch without Blistering.
For Man it is now known to be one of the best, if not the best, Liniments ever discovered.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
Is the only positive cure known, and to show what this remedy will do, we give here as a sample of cases cured by it a statement which was
GIVEN UNDER OATH!
To Whom it may Concern: In 1875 I treated with Kendall's Spavin Cure a bone spavin of several months' growth, nearly half as large as a hen's egg, and completely stopped the lameness and removed the enlargement. I have worked the horse ever since very hard, and he has never been lame, nor could I ever see any difference in the size of the hock joints since I treated them with Kendall's Spavin Cure. R. A. GAINES.
Enosburg Falls, Vt., Feb. 25th, 1879.
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 25th day of Feb., A. D. 1879.
JOHN G. JENNE,
Justice of the Peace.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.
ON HUMAN FLESH it has been ascertained by repeated trials to be the very best Liniment ever used for any deep-seated pain of long standing, or of short duration. Also for CORNS, BUNIONS, FROST-BITES or any bruise, cut or lameness. Some are afraid to use it on human flesh simply because it is a horse medicine, but you should remember that what is good for BEAST is good for MAN, and we know from experience that KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE can be used on a child one year old with perfect safety. Its effects are wonderful on human flesh and it does not blister or make a sore. Try it and be convinced.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
Read below of its wonderful effects as a liniment for the human family:
HEMATITE, Mo., Aug. 28, 1880.
B. J. KENDALL & CO.: GENTS: I am so overjoyed in view of the result of an application of your Kendall's Spavin Cure that I feel that I ought for humanity's sake publish it to the world. About thirty-five years ago, while riding a young ugly horse, I was injured in one of my testicles, and from that time to three weeks ago a slow but constant enlargement has been the result, giving me a great amount of trouble, almost entirely preventing me from horseback riding, which was my usual way of traveling. I saw a notice of your Kendall's Spavin Cure; never once thought of it for anything except for horses, but after receiving the medicine and reading over what it was good for, feeling terribly exercised about my difficulty, for I had consulted many physicians and none gave me any specific but when it could be endured no longer to remove it with the knife. I applied your Kendall's Spavin Cure as an experiment, and it was so painful in its application that I concluded not to repeat it, and thought no more about it until near a week, and lo and behold one-half of the size was gone. With joy I could hardly believe it. I immediately applied it again, and have made in all about one-half dozen applications, running over a space of two weeks, and the terrible enlargement is almost entirely gone, in view of which I cannot express my feelings of delight. It has been a Godsend to me; may He send to others with like troubles.
JOHN RICE,
Pastor of Hematite Congregational Church.
P. S.—You are at liberty to put this in any shape you may please. I am not ashamed to have my name under, over or by the side of it.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE!
Send address for Illustrated Circular, which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.
Price $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. All druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors.
12-31 DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vt.

Job Printing.
ALL KINDS OF
JOB PRINTING
EXECUTED IN THE BEST MANNER AT THE
Bellefonte Republican Office.
An Assortment of Beautiful New Type Just Received.
Job Printing.

KINGSFORD'S
OSWEGO
PURE

AND
SILVER GLOSS
STARCH
For the Laundry, is the best and most economical in the world. Is perfectly pure, free from Acids and other foreign substances that injure Linen. Is stronger than any other, requiring much less quantity in using. Is uniform, stiffens and finishes work always the same. Kingsford's Pulverized Corn Starch for Puddings, Blanc-Mange, Cake, &c., is pure and delicate. Preferable to Bermuda Arrowroot. When you ask for Kingsford's Oswego Starch, see that you get it, as inferior kinds are often substituted.
Sold by all first-class Grocers everywhere.
T. KINGSFORD & SON, Oswego, New York

If you are a man of laziness, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.
If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on Hop Bitters.
Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.
Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.
If you are simply weak and low spirited, try it! It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.
If you are a man of letters toiling over midnight work, to restore brain nerve and waste, use Hop Bitters.
If you are suffering from any infection; if you are married young, suffering from ing on a bed of sickness, rely on Hop Bitters.
Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.
D. i. C.
is an absolute and irresistable cure for drunkeness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.
Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.
HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.
HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL
12-43

JOB PRINTING
Done in the best manner at lowest rates at
The Bellefonte REPUBLICAN Office.

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!
JOHN B. GOUGH'S bran new book, *just published*, entitled
SUNLIGHT and SHADOW
is the best chance ever offered to you. Its Scenes are drawn from the bright and shady sides of *real life*, and portrayed as only
John B. Gough
can portray them. For Pathos, Humor, and Intense Interest, it is without a peer. It is the "booming" Book for Agents, and outsells all others 10 to 1. 50th thousand in press. 1000 Agents wanted, men and women. Now is the time. Exclusive Territory and Special Terms given. Send for Circulars. Address, A. B. WORTHINGTON & CO., Pubs., Hartford, Connecticut. [28-2t] 18-4t

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers, address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y

KANSAS LANDS AND WESTERN EMIGRATION. For terms, low rates of fare and tickets, apply to
WM SHORTLIDGE,
District Agent Kansas Division Union Pacific Railway. [12-40-1y] BELLEFONTE, PA.

$2 Watches, Stem Winders $3.50, White Metal Hunting Case $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $13. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 121 Nassau St. N.Y.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

THE LATEST NEWS.

A Pretty Safe Man.

WASHINGTON, July 16.—There is comparatively little, beyond the fact that there is a steady progress toward recovery, that can be said as to the President's condition. He continues to improve. The official bulletins are better as they are issued of his case. In short, there is no doubt that he is out of any great danger and practically out of all danger of death. It is now resolved down to a question of how long a time it it will be before he is himself again. The physicians say it will be several months, but that before that happy development takes place he will have recovered sufficiently some time in advance to transact the necessary executive business, in so far as signing papers and the execution of routine duty is concerned.

It is now understood that the reason for ex-Senator Conkling's visit to Washington at this time was to call at the White House and convey his sympathy and joy at the bright prospects of recovery.

Saturday night there were at the White House only members of the Cabinet, their ladies and one or two newspaper men. The favorable symptoms and bright hopes were kept up by every report from the sick room. At 11 o'clock everything was of brightest promise and the later hours did not change it during the night. The most encouraging sign in the President's case is his constantly increasing appetite. The doctors are beginning to satisfy it by stronger food and he picks up rapidly under such an agreeable treatment.

The President's Spirits.

New York *Herald* special: Still the President's spirits keep up. Brave, hopeful and cheerful, he never murmurs or complains. This morning he said to his faithful wife, whispering it almost in her ear, as he held her down toward him:

"Go out, dear, and drive before the sun gets too hot."

Then, with a languid smile:

"I would go with you if I didn't have so much business to attend to. You will, I am sure, excuse me."

Mrs. Garfield shortly afterward went for a short ride in a light open wagon drawn by a strong bay horse, over whom her son Harry drew the reins. They went out on the boundary road, and made their way toward Georgetown University, on the western outskirts of Georgetown, and came leisurely back within an hour. The President was then sleeping quietly, and Mrs. Garfield lay down for a nap. Meanwhile Master Harry and his brother Jim joined their friend and companion "Don Rockwell, at his studies under the tutelage of Mr. Hawkes, their preceptor. I met "Jimmie" Garfield and "Don" Rockwell on the official stairway of the Executive Mansion, when I paid my visit to the White House early this morning. Jimmie was growling like a man of war and young Rockwell was chaffing him good naturedly.

I tell you what it is," he said to me, "you newspaper correspondents have a good time. I would like to one, and I think I will be, too. No studies or lessons to learn. Don't you think it would do Don and me good if we went down before we began studies?"

I told him I thought it would and asked him if he had seen his father to-day. He said he had and his face lighted up as he made the reply:

"He is much changed," he continued. "The doctors say he will get well. You think so too, don't you? He was sleeping when I looked in. I haven't spoken to him but once or twice since he was wounded."

Danger Passing Away.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—The President was allowed yesterday to order his own meal, and took advantage of the privilege to enjoy solid food. He expressed a desire to take a ride down the Potomac river, and was unusually cheerful. His wound is in a condition satisfactory to his physicians, who are almost prepared to pronounce him out of danger.

The Dead Lock Giving Way.

ALBANY, July 18.—The Hon. Warner Miller was Saturday elected United States Senator for the term ending in 1887. The balloting took place amid great excitement. Speaker Sharpe made an able speech, in which he announced for Mr. Lapham instead of Mr. Conkling. His example was followed by Senator Baker and Assemblyman Sisson, but Mr. Lapham still lacked five votes of being elected. On the ballot for the long term Mr. Miller received the votes of Senator Winslow, General Sharpe and six other Conkling members. This increased his score to 76, being three more than were needed for his election. Great satisfaction was expressed at the election of Mr. Miller, and it is now intended to secure that of Mr. Lapham tomorrow.

Wholesale Hanging.

MARIANNA, July 16.—Jacob Green and John Hardin, both negroes, were hanged here yesterday in the presence of about five thousand persons, four-fifths of whom were colored. Green was convicted of killing John Richards in Council Bend last April. Hardin killed Wm. Brown in Philips county two years ago. Full confessions were made by the condemned men on the scaffold. They said they had made their peace with God. Hardin, just before the trap fell, called in front of the stand a negro named Bassett, a half brother of the man he murdered and implored his forgiveness, saying that another negro named McGraves was responsible for the killing. Two colored preachers attended the prisoners on the scaffold and nearly two hours were taken up with singing and praying. Several colored women made themselves conspicuous by shouting while half a dozen others fainted from extreme heat. The trap doors of the gallows, which were both worked with one lever fell at same time. Green died in eleven minutes but Hardin's pulse beat for eighteen minutes after the drop fell. This was the first judicial hanging that ever took place in Lee county.

Another Hanging in Arkansas—Terrible Scene at the Scaffold.

LITTLE ROCK, July 16.—The *Gazette* Van Buren special gives the following account of the hanging yesterday of Willis Reeves, colored, for the murder of a negro boy on the streets of Van Buren a few months ago: The town was crowded with a vast throng of spectators made up of men women and children. At 8 o'clock the procession started to the Gallows erected upon a high hill near the cemetery. The doomed negro was about twenty years of age, muscular, dark brown and had a malignant countenance. Not long prior to the hanging he said he would bet $1,000 he would never be hung. His desire was to be shot. Upon the previous day when the Sheriff had him out of jail he attempted to run away so that he could be shot. He was undaunted and said on the gallows that he was no religious niggar and was not afraid to die. Before hanging he sang a song which was not as usual a hymn, but about his girl. The preliminaries being over the Sheriff advanced and tied a rope around his arms and body. This roused him like a tiger in desperation. He burst the knot and a vigorous struggle began. Wild disorder prevailed and the Sheriff dropped through the trap. Upon the eve of jumping from the gallows the criminal was caught just in time to keep him from falling upon the bristling bayonets of the guard beneath. He was secured and the rope placed around his neck. The trigger was touched and down he dropped, but not to his doom. By horrible carelessness the rope was too long. The toes of the unfortunate man struck the ground and rebounded to dangle until drawn up again through the trap. The noose was released, and kneeling, trembling, bruised and weak he gasped reproaches for the cruelty that was perpetrated on him. It was a ghastly, sickening sight. The rope was again fixed and the trigger sprung, and this time with fatal result. The body was buried in the cemetery near at hand and thus ended the career of Willis Reeves.

Murder and Robbery.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—A special despatch from Kansas City gives a few additional particulars of the train robbery near Winston Friday night Two of the robbers got on the front end of the baggage car next to the engine, three more were in the "smoker" and two on the platform between the baggage car and the "smoker." There were seven men in all. Conductor Westfall had passed nearly through the smoking car when he was shot, one ball passing clear through his body. He staggered out on the platform of the cars and fell off into a ditch. Thomas McClennan or McCullough, the stone cutter who was shot through the head also fell off the car and was found by the side of the dead conductor. When the robbers entered the express car Charles Murray the express messenger was looking over some of his papers and Frank Stamper was sitting in a chair near the open door. both men were immediately covered with four revolvers and when Murray objected to handing over the keys of the safe he was knocked down. It is thought that about $15,000 was in the safe, but the exact amount is not known. The United States Express Company handle all the express matter on the Rock Island road and a train went out last night with what came in from the Atchison short run and also from Kansas City and points East as far as Harlem. After rifling the safe the robbers jumped from the train and escaped. The train went on to the next side track where it waited for the passenger train which took Westfall's body to Cameron. The Sheriff was notified of the robbery as soon as possible and he immediately started in pursuit with a posse of about sixty men, but at this writing no tidings had been received that he has overtaken the robbers. Great excitement prevails in the neighborhood.

Murderous Affray.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., July 18.—At an early hour yesterday morning a ball and raffle took place at the hotel of ex-Assemblyman George Judge, near the New Jersey Central Railroad depot at Pittston, and a party of roughs gathered there. They had been drinking and were intoxicated and were ejected from the house. As soon as they were out of doors they began to riddle the hotel with stones and a hot contest ensued. The Shelby, Pullman and Hamilton circus party were at this time about leaving Pittston for Mauch Chunck. As they came along the beligerants turned their attention to the circus party on the train and another fight ensued. The Pittston roughs met their equals when they made an attack upon the circus train, but were not disposed to yield without a struggle. One of the circus party drew a revolver, and a shot was fired into the crowd of ruffians. This was succeeded by another shot, and the affray was ended. It was then at once discovered that the first shot had entered Judge's Hotel, striking a man named John Mangan and killing him instantly. The latter at the time was sitting at a window keeping tally of a raffle going on at the moment. The second shot struck a woman named Molly Murphy, making a serious wound upon the arm. No arrests have yet been made.

Killed by a Mob.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., July 18.—1881. Some weeks ago J. J. Dickinson, Jr., son of General Dickinson, late adjutant general of Florida, had a difficulty with a saloon keeper named Beach, in Leesburg, Sumter county. It was apparently adjusted at the time, but was renewed by Dickinson last Tuesday, when he took advantage of Beach and fired two shots from a double-barrelled gun at him and made his escape, supposing that he had killed him. Beach was severely but not dangerously wounded. Dickinson was captured and lodged in the Leesburg jail. At two o'clock yesterday morning an armed and disguised mob of twenty-five men appeared at the jail, overpowered the jailer and shot Dickinson twice in the body. They then took him outside and riddled him with bullets.

Destructive Fire.

NASHUA, N. H., July 18.—Reports have reached here that a destructive fire is raging at Thornton's Ferry, seven miles north of this city on the Concord Railroad. At the last accounts two houses, with barns and sheds, owned by Dr. James B. Greely of this city; a dwelling house and stable owned by Goodrich Chandler, of Manchester, and a house and other buildings owned by Dr. Harrison Eaton have been destroyed. All the houses but the last mentioned were occupied by tenants other than the owners. The fire department here has had an engine ready to go to scene of the fire, but no facilities are offered for transportation.

Murder on a Steamer.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—Antoine Valle and Emmet Jones, two Roustabouts quarrelled on board the steamer Lady Lee on the last trip of that boat to Kansas City, and Valle beat Jones badly over the head with a stick of cordwood. Jones swore that he would have revenge and this afternoon while Valle was sleeping in his hammock on the boiler deck of the steamer, crept stealthily up to his victim and put two balls from a forty two calibre revolver into his breast killing him instantly. The murderer then escaped by rushing across another steamer to the levee and has not yet been captured.

—MRS. M. WATCHTER, Springdale, Pa. My Chronic Catarrh is much better, from the use of PERUNA.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

—The President is now pronounced on the sure road to recovery. Where is there a man who will not rejoice at this good news.

—When in search of family groceries don't go further than Sechler's. There is where you get them pure and fresh, and at fair prices.

—During a heavy thunder storm in Philipsburg a week ago several cows were killed by lightning, and the Republican flag pole splintered to pieces.

—Change of locality in summer is undoubtedly beneficial. If you can't sleep in the attic descend to the kitchen. If that don't work go back to the attic.

—The cool weather we have been blessed with during the past few days may not suit everybody, but nine out of ten exclaim, "delightful—give us more."

—W. F. Reeder, Esq., and wife will departed yesterday morning for Berwick, Columbia county, expecting to remain in that vicinity several weeks.

—Valentines & Co. have recently constructed a railroad at Taylor bank, running to the ore washers, a distance of a quarter of a mile. The road is now in operation.

—Young man attend to that cough in time; it may save you from years of suffering. Green's Syrup of Tar, Honey and Bloodroot is a pleasant, safe and sure cure.

—Work at Valentines' forge will be suspended on Saturday next, temporarily, for the purpose of putting in a new forge hammer, which will occupy about one week's time.

—An Altoona paper says "General Beaver is the recognized champion of Sunday-schools in Central Pennsylvania." This reputation will not do the General a bit of harm.

—That much talked about cool wave is evidently here, but it was a long time coming. It is the general wish of our citizens that it remain with us the balance of the season.

—A scientific exchange says that coffee acts upon the human system as a slow poison. Whether true or not, we shall continue to take a little in ours for a few weeks longer, anyhow.

—Green apples give a fellow the stomach-ache, but Sechler's gilt-edged family groceries keep the stomach in excellent condition and the body healthy. Therefore, buy none but Sechler's

—An infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. McKeever, died on Saturday afternoon. The death was sudden, the child having been ill but a few hours. The funeral took place Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

—The small-pox plague in Johnstown, has increased to alarming proportions, there being over thirty cases in the city. A hospital is being built outside the city limits, where the victims will be taken and treated.

—John Sourbeck's express horse took it into his head to run off Saturday morning, and scared several ladies, who were crossing the street, half to death. Nobody was hurt, but the wagon was somewhat damaged.

—The refreshing rain which set in on Saturday was a thrice welcome visitor, especially to farmers whose crops were suffering from the long-continued dry spell. Besides doing great good to vegetation, it purified and cooled the atmosphere.

—A letter remains in the post-office addressed to "Capt. Bellefonte Base Ball Club." No doubt Bellefonte's base ballists have missed the greatest opportunity that was ever offered to distinguish themselves on the diamond field, as that letter probably contains a challenge from some of the big league teams.

—Preparations for the show season of 1881-2 are almost complete, so far as the organization of companies concerned. A list of 180 is printed and there are more still. And yet those much talked about improvements at the Opera House—orchestra chairs, new scenery, etc.—have not yet been made, and probably won't be.

—The Presbyterian church, of Buffalo Run, will hold an ice cream festival on Saturday, July 23d, afternoon and evening, for the benefit of the Sunday school. Extensive arrangements have been made to secure the success of the affair, and a good time may be expected. A cordial invitation is extended to the community at large to be present.

—The wind which prevailed Monday, vicious at times, caused many a wearer of broad-brimmed hats to give a public exhibition of his running capacities. Allegheny street was the scene of a lively chase. When the owner began to climb Valentines' hill his tile disappeared over the top, having a good lead of 200 yards. We didn't hear how the race resulted.

—Maud S. made the fastest time on record at Pittsburg, the other day. Many people in Bellefonte make mighty quick time to Harry Green's when they find their stock of cigars has run out. You see, they are afraid Harry's prime cigars will all be gone before they get there, the demand for them is so great. A good article will always sell, and that's the reason why Harry Green sells a ton of cigars a month.

—The most novel contribution thus far made to the fund for the President's family was sent to the President of the Baltimore Corn and Flour Exchange on Wednesday, by a West Virginia boy, accompained by the following letter: I send you by Adams Express to-day a live fox. He was caught when no bigger than a rat and is now only half grown. His name is Roscoe Conkling. Sell him for Mrs. Garfield. Tell her I sent it and that I hope she will like my idea. Tell her I hope Mr. Garfield will get well. N. B.—I paid one dollar for the chain and box. Please send me one-fifth of what it sells for, as I want to buy a pig." The fox is a tremendous fellow and very vicious. He will be sold for the benefit of the fund, and it is thought a considerable sum will be raised. That was indeed a novel gift to make the President, but it will not be appreciated, considering the source from which it came. But a much more substantial and valuable gift to the President and his wife would be a car-load of Sechler's celebrated family groceries. That would be a gift fit for a king. Everyone who uses these pure goods finds them just as represented. Fresh and genuine, and more than one invalid has been strengthened and refreshed by this fact.

Philipsburg Crumbs.

Daniel Weaver, fireman on Jonas Dinges' train, on the Morrisdale branch, met with a serious accident on Saturday while coupling cars by being thrown under the wheels, which passed over his leg, making amputation necessary. Later — he died about 6 o'clock the same evening.

Mrs. J. N. Cassanova and Miss Irene Umphry, while out driving Saturday, the horses took fright at a drove of sheep on the road and became unmanageable and upset the carriage, demolishing it entirely. Miss Umphrey had her ankle sprained severely and slightly hurt about the head. Mrs. Cassanova escaped uninjured.

The Grand Army Post of this place were quite successful with their 4th of July picnic, $286 being the sum realized, clear of all expenses.

CLIFTON.

Osceola Mills.

House breakers ply their vocation with remarkable success at Osceola Mills. Our correspondent at that place writes:

Some time during Sunday night, or early Monday morning, some of the light fingered gentry entered the store of T. C. Heines and made way with nearly two hundred dollars' worth of goods, consisting of silk handkerchiefs, revolvers, clothing, canned fruits, etc. This is the third time this same store has suffered intrusion of this kind, and the fourth event in the town, and each time the thief or thieves have been successful in escaping with their plunder. Garroting or tar and feathers might be a good remedy for their audacity, if caught.

W.

Two Comets.

It is calculated that the comet now circulating around the north star will vanish in about two weeks. It will, however, be succeeded by another, so the astronomers tell us. The expected visitor is Encke's comet—one with which the astronomers are well acquainted. It has a period of three years and a half. Its ephemeris, which has already been computed, fixes the date of its arrival as July 27, and its disappearance at November 12. Probably during October it will be visible to the naked eye, but during the greater part of its stay in our heavens it will only be visible by means of a telescope. This comet is regarded with peculiar interest to astronomers on account of its gradually shortening periods. The theory is that there is a slight resisting medium in space, which is constantly swinging the comet nearer the sun, and finaliy it will "wind up" in the sun. So keep your eye peeled for the new visitor.

—It is seldom you hear a person ask where a good cigar can be procured in Bellefonte. The fame of Harry Green's cigars reaches far and wide; hence everybody in this vicinity knows where to go for a bang-up smoker. Harry Green's is the place.

—I believe Ely's Cream Balm to be the best article for Catarrh and Hay Fever ever offered to the public. It has given satisfaction in every case, and knowing its merits I recommend it. Samuel J. WILSON, Druggist, Wilkesbarre, Pa., 28-2t

—Why is it that so many patronize Sechler's grocery? Because they know that by so doing they are procuring pure, fresh goods.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE STUDENT'S JOURNAL.—This is a monthly paper published in the interest of reporters and students in the art of Phonography, by Andrew J. Graham, of New York. It gives all the news relating to Phonography, and contains in every number reading matter printed in the phonographic characters, editorials, correspondence, &c., in ordinary print. At present a series of word signs and contractions, called "The Reporter's List," is being published also. The system advocated by the *Journal* is Mr. Graham's "Standard," which, by virtue of its many advantages over other systems, is destined to become the *Standard Phonography* of this country at no distant day.

The *Journal* is a great help to persons studying phonography; it always contains some hints that assist in unravelling difficulties and dispelling doubts, and no student or reporter, no matter what system he practices, should be without it. Persons contemplating the study of the art should be careful in making the selection of a "system." Much valuable time may be wasted in the study of one of the many worthless styles advertised, before the student discovers that it is entirely inadequate to the requirements of reporting practice. We have made a careful comparison between the Standard and other leading systems, and find that verbatim reporting can be done more accurately, more rapidly, and with greater ease by the Standard than by any other system that we know anything about.

Mr. Graham is the author of the Handbook of Standard Phonography, (price, $2.00) first and second readers, dictionary, &c. The Handbook is a big teacher with a bundle of switches thrown in; with it any intelligent young man or woman of fair education can become an efficient shorthand reporter within a reasonable length of time. Send for a sample copy of the *Journal* (free) which gives a comparison between the leading systems, and other information of value to students. Subscription price, $2.00 per annum. Address Andrew J. Graham, 744 Broadway, N. Y.

"THE Daughter of Henry Sage Rittenhouse" is the clever title of a new story in *Scribner* by the author of "An Earnest Trifler," the first part of which will appear in the Midsummer Holiday (August) number—the remainder in the September. The scene is a New England watering place, and the heroine, Anne Rittenhouse, is twenty-two and a native of Philadelphia—"that city," the author says, "whose capacity for producing unobjectionable children is unsurpassed." Some of the situations which naturally puzzle the heroine will pique the curiosity of the reader. Her efforts to have a somewhat less dismal time, and to discover the *social* antecedents of her strange acquaintances—together with the struggle of Mrs. Rittenhouse to restrict their society to those fellow-sufferers of whose standing she felt sure—are piquant motives of a seaside sketch, which give opportunities for some keen characterization. In point of literary finish, the story is said to be a marked advance on "An Earnest Trifler."

Mr. Stedman's first essay on "Poetry in America"—a subject too little treated by American critics—will appear in the August *Scribner*. It is part of the new work projected by Mr. Stedman on the Poets and Poetry of America, and treats of the relations of the art of versification to American life and history.

AMERICA, is the name of an eight-page forty-column journal, published at Washington, D. C., is brim-full of good things for the citizen as well as for the soldier. It opposes monopoly, favors equal and exact justice to all, and is the special champion and defender of the soldier, his widow and orphans. Every soldier should have it to keep him posted. Only twenty-five cents a year. Sample copy free. Address [illegible] more & Co., Washington, D. C.

GOOD COMPANY, No. 22.—*Good Company* ($3.00 a year. Springfield, Mass.). No. 22 opens with a long, complete story, filling seventeen pages, by Ellen W. Olney, entitled "A Pair of Silk Stockings." It has another of the Arctic papers by Lieutenant Frederick Schwatka under the heading, "In the Land of the Midnight Sun." There is an article by Mrs. Gen. Lew Wallace, "The Land of the Pueblos; The Pimos;" an installment of the serial story now in course of publication, "Mildred's Caprice;" a number of poems, and various miscellaneous articles.

A Fool Once More.

"For ten years my wife was confined to her bed with such a complication of ailments that no doctor could tell what was the matter or cure her, and I used up a small fortune in humbug stuff. Six months ago I saw a U. S. flag with Hop Bitters on it, and I thought I would be a fool once more. I tried it, but my folly proved to be wisdom. Two bottles cured her, she is now as well and strong as any man's wife, and it cost me only two dollars. Such folly pays.—H. W., Detroit, Mich.—*Free Press.*

—A fine assortment of smoking and chewing tobaccos will always be found at Sechler's.

—Merchants who suffer from dyspepsia, headache, constipation or biliousness can be cured by using Dr. Mettaur's headache and dyspepsia pills. Price, 25 cents. 28-4t

—The new "B" Howe Sewing machine, a perfect novelty; call at the Howe Sewing machine office, Allegheny St. Bellefonte, and see it.

MRS. N. K. DARE, Agent.
A. C. Moore, Manager.

—To our farmer friends we can say that our stock of goods for their use in house or farm is unequalled in Centre county. Give us a call and examine stock and prices.

Wilson, McFarlane & Co.

—The retail price of Logan Cement on and after this date will be two dollars per barrel and no charge for bags or barrels. H. K. Hicks.

—I. Guggenheimer & Co. have the sole agency and exclusive sale of our justly celebrated men's and boys' Rochester clothing.

12-tf SCHWARZ BROS. & Co.

—Special inducements for orders for Clothing during the summer months.

12-50tf MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—Have you seen the new style Wooden Curb for Chain Pumps? and by the way are you aware that the chain pumps are being daily substituted for the other pumps in use. Wilson, McFarlane & Co. are making a specialty of these pumps. If you want pure, cold water don't fail to get a Chain Pump.

Pittsburg Female College.

If you have a daughter to educate and desire to find a first class school, send for a catalogue of the Pittsburg Female College. There are seven distinct schools, with special faculties for each, under one management, and the rates are very low. In the Conservatory of Music connected with the College, one hundred full lessons are given for eighteen dollars. A catalogue containing full information can be had free, by applying to Rev. I. D. Pershing, D.D., Pittsburg, Pa.

A fortune awaits the man who will invent store trousers with that self-asserting crease down the legs.

--I was reduced to the verge of the grave with Leucorrhœa Uterine Catarrh and Amenorhœa. PERUNA cured. Mrs. A. W. JACKSON, Pittsburg, Pa.

Ella Wheeler is out with a new poem: "Mamma will not leave her room." It is one of those sad, pensive strains which wrap a young man up in melancholic gloom like a large-looking-glass tied up in a bed quilt.

—Sechler's groceries are noted for their purity and freshness. It is not strange, then, that their customers are constantly on the increase.

How to prevent snoring—go to bed at half past twelve o'clock and get up at thirty minutes before one.

—Dr. Mettaur's headache and dyspepsia pills, price 25 cents, cure at once, headache, dyspepsia, biliousness and constipation. 24-4t

New Advertisements.

Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster

No Remedy more widely or favorably known. It is rapid in relieving, quick in curing. For Lame Back, Rheumatism, Kidney Affections, and aches and pains generally, it is the unrivalled remedy. 27-4t

Vennor's Predictions

For this month's Weather, prepared expressly for STODDART'S REVIEW. Sample copy mailed for 3c. stamp. J. M. STODDART, Pub., New York, Phila. and Chicago. 28 3t

NOTICE.

THE CITIZENS OF CENTRE COUNTY will please take notice that, agreeable to adjournment, the Convention called for the purpose of placing in nomination two ANTI-LICENSE candidates for the office of Associate Judge, will meet in the Court House, THURSDAY, AUGUST 4th, 1881, at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOS. J. TAYLOR, Chairman Ex. Com.

28-1t

New Advertisements.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE—IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS of Centre County. O. L. SCHOONOVER vs. BRENNER, TRUCKS & CO. No. 41, Jan'y T., 1877. Al. Fi. Fa. No. 46, Aug. T., 1880.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the funds in Court, arising from the Sheriff's sale under the above writ, will meet the parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, **Thursday, Aug. 4, 1881**, at 10 a. m., at the office of J. L. Spangler, Esq., in Bellefonte, when and where all persons interested may attend.

27-3t C. P. HEWES, Auditor.

ALLEGHENY COLLEGE,

MEADVILLE, PA.

The 65th year opens Sept. 21st. New Building and many improvements. Gentlemen and Ladies. Four College courses. Preparatory School. Military department. Expenses less than any College of equal grade. Don't fail to send to President L. H. BUGBEE, D.D., for catalogue. 27-8t

WANTED.

Canvassers in every county in this State to take orders for Nursery Stock. Steady and desirable employment at Good Wages. Experience in the business not required. Nurseries widely and favorably known. For terms address C. L. VAN DUSEN, Geneva, N. Y. Also Stock at Wholesale. Van Dusen Nurseries established 1839. 17-3m

DOLL & MINGLE.

RELIABLE

BOOTS & SHOES.

BROCKERHOFF ROW, BELLEFONTE, PA.

Ladies' Lace Shoes for $1.00.
Ladies' Button Shoes for $1.50.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes for 90c.
Ladies' Lasting Shoes, kid foxed, for $1.25.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 25c.
Ladies' Carpet Slippers for 50c.
Ladies' Lasting Slippers for 42c.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.25) for $1.85.
Gents' Dress Shoes (worth $2.00) for $1.65.
Gents' good Leather Slippers, 85c.

In addition to the above we have an elegant line of Ladies,' Misses' and Children's FINE SHOES, FINE SLIPPERS and WALKING SHOES.

Our Ladies' French Kid of the Dimon & Disbrow make, are universally pronounced to be superior in every respect to any in the United States. Every pair warranted.

We can save you money. Try us and be convinced.

DOLL & MINGLE.

13-4f

PITTSBURG FEMALE COLLEGE

And Pittsburg Conservatory of Music.

ONE HUNDRED FULL MUSIC LESSONS FOR EIGHTEEN DOLLARS.

Seven distinct schools. Twenty-four teachers. Attendance past year, 378. Superior advantages in Liberal Arts, Music, Drawing and Painting, Elocution, Modern Languages, Needle Work and Wax Work. Charges less than any equal school in the United States.

Twenty-seventh year opens September 6. Send for new Catalogue to

28-2m REV. I. C. PERSHING, Pittsburg, Pa.

WHAT WE HAVE NOT GOT!

We have no Dress goods, all wool, and a yard wide, at 8 cents per yard.

We have no yard-wide Muslins at 2 cents per yard.

We have no Calicos at 2 cents per yard.

We have no hand-made Shoes, all warranted, at 75 cents per pair.

We have no First-Class, all wool suits for Men, at $2.50.

We have no trash of any kind that we are trying to gull the community with.

BUT WE HAVE GOT

A better grade of Dress Goods, at 15 cents and up, than can be bought at any other store in Bellefonte at same price.

We have at from 6 cents up a better value in Bleached and Unbleached Muslins than the same price will buy you elsewhere.

We have CARPETS that have two ounces more wool to the yard, at same prices that lower grades bring elsewhere.

We have the LARGEST STOCK of CARPETS, best assortment to select from that can be found in Centre county.

We have the best Three Dollar Child's Suits that the money can procure.

We have the best Five Dollar School Suits in Bellefonte for that price.

We have the best Ten Dollar Suits for Men sold anywhere.

We have the best work, trimmings, fits and appearance in our Clothing for the money procured in the county. All first-class Clothiers are selling the same make of Clothing. No slop-shop trash, thrown or pasted together, but regularly sewed, same as any Merchant Tailor would or could make them.

We have the very best hand-made BOOTS and SHOES that we can find, and warrant them. And our warrant means just what it expresses.

We have a reputation of 30 years' trading at stake to uphold all we advertise.

We have the interest of our Trade at stake, and always strive to keep our Customers well satisfied. This we accomplish by always giving the full value for what money they give us.

Call and convince your wavering mind.

S. & A. LOEB.

15-1f

New Advertisements.

THE GREAT

BEE HIVE

STORES.

Strictly One Price.

Grand CLEARING Sale

Of all Summer Goods for the next 30 days. We are bound to sell the above goods, regardless of price, as we must have the room for Fall Goods.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Dress Goods, Cambrics and Lawns.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In White Goods, Table Linens and Napkins.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Boots and Shoes, Carpets and Oil Cloths.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Hosiery, Gloves, and Underwear.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Corsets, Ribbons, and Ties.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Laces, Lace Ties, and Fans.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Gents' Shirts, Collars and Ties.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Gents' Hats. Straw Hats at a Great Reduction.

Leave your measure for a summer suit. We will make you one to order, good goods and best make, at such a low price that it will pay you to get one for next summer.

We manufacture the Bee Hive Overall, the best in the market. Warranted not to rip.

Call early and secure some of the above bargains for the next 30 days.

Yours, Respectfully,

Bauland & Newman,

Originators of the One Price System,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

13-1y

GRAND SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE.

In order to close out our entire stock of Light Weight Goods, which is about complete in each department, we have Marked Down every Garment in our Establishment to such Low Prices that it will be to the advantage of the public to avail themselves of this opportunity to obtain the greatest bargains offered in

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, etc.

We are bound to close out all our light weight goods in order to make room for our New Fall Stock.

NEW YORK CLOTHING HOUSE, Opposite Brockerhoff House, Bellefonte.

Ed. ASH, Proprietor.

New Advertisements.

If you cannot read this print distinctly by lamp or gaslight in the evening at a distance of 10 inches, your eyes are failing, no matter what your age, and your eyes need help. Your sight can be improved and preserved if properly corrected. It is a wrong idea that spectacles should be dispensed with as long as possible. If they assist the vision use them. There is no danger of seeing too well, so long as the print is not magnified; it should look natural size but plain.

It is known to all who have been compelled to resort to the use of Spectacles (notwithstanding they may be perfectly fitted to correct the optical defects), that for some cause, not until recently well defined, their use was attended with fatiguing, smarting, and otherwise disagreeable sensations. This is a universal fact of experience, and has been supposed to be entirely beyond remedy. This disagreeable sensation and disturbance of the eye is produced chiefly, perhaps we ought to say entirely, from the fact that ordinary lenses increase the sensation of heat (to which the eye, more than any other organ or part of the body, is sensitive), as also the actinic or chemical properties of the rays of light.

It is well known that these peculiarities of light are identified with certain colors of each ray; and the point of importance, or without using technicalities, is to construct lenses so that these properties of light shall be neutralized; this can be done by introducing a neutralizing tint into their manufacture, the difficulty of which, however, consists in the selection of a color which shall have this effect, and, at the same time, shall not otherwise impair the lenses for purposes of vision. The

Arundel Tinted Lens

Is designed to effect this purpose. The peculiarity of its manufacture consists in the introduction into the glass of a slight Violet Color, *in such manner that the* high *and* low *numbers of the lens prepared from this glass, although* varying in thickness, *are of the same delicate tint and of sufficient power to neutralize the heating and actinic power of the rays of light. Read the following:*

[From R. S. Mershon, Esq., Zanesville, Ohio.]

"I have put the Arundels through the following tests:—I placed an eight inch Arundel, and an eight-inch white lens side by side, sharply focused in the strong sunlight, with their foci directed on the bulbs of two thermometers, and the difference was four (4°) degrees in temperture in favor of the ARUNDEL. Again, I placed the same lenses side by side on a piece of sensitised photographic paper, and the white glass discolored the surface quicker than the ARUNDEL. These two tests prove these two points, viz: that the ARUNDEL intercepts the solar heat-rays and the chemical rays also."

And the following from a Centre county man whose letter can be seen at my store:

** * * "I am very much pleased with the glasses. They have been more beneficial to my eyes than all the medicine I ever put in them."*

If you experience any unpleasantness in reading or can't see distinctly, come in and have your eyes tested. I think I have something good for you.

FRANK P. BLAIR,
Brockerhoff House Block.

Second Arrival of Spring Goods!

Our trade has been so much larger than we expected that Mr. Gust Lyon has been compelled to go East for a

SECOND SPRING STOCK.

We have just received the handsomest stock of LAWNS, very beautiful Patters, from 7c upward

A NEW LINE OF

BUNNTING, GRENADINES and HERNANIS.

WE CAN SHOW YOU A HANDSOME LINE OF

CHINTZES, CRETONNES, AND PERCALES.

Undoubtedly we have the Best and most varied Assortment of

Ladies' Underwear, Skirts, Night Gowns, and Suits Complete.

We have SKIRTS from 38 cts. to $6.50, trimmed in EMBROIDERY or LACE. CHEMISE from 40 cts. to $3, in all Styles. Lady Clerks in attendance to show you these goods.

LADIES' LINEN ULSTERS,

The Largest Variety now Open that can be Found Anywhere. We need not quote prices of them, but we Guarantee them 15 cts. Cheaper than any other House in the County.

In PARASOLS, we can Beat anything around here

Ladies' Slippers, Walking Shoes, Button Walking Shoes, Inlaid Sandals

BOX TOED and otherwise; we can show you about 30 varieties, bought direct from the Mananufacturers.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING!

The Largest and Most Complete Stock of CLOTHING Ever Brought to Town.

SUMMER SUITS, $3,75,

A BEAUTIFUL LIGHT AND MEDIUM WEIGHT SUIT AND HEAVY SUITS AT $4.75.

A Good Linen and Cassimer Suit at $5.00 A nice Dress Suit at $6.75, $7.50, $800, $10.00—Good Quality. Light and Dark Cassimers. The best qualities of Suits, in all wool Cassimeres, Diagonals, Basket Patterns, and Vassalburgs, from $10.00 up.

We are willing to wager that we have sold more Pants this Season as any 30 other concerns combined; Because we had better and better made, and Cheaper than you can find anywhere. Boys' Good Pants, 75 cents. Mens' Good Pants, $1.00

We have Warner & Co's Celebrated Pants for $1,25; Celebrated because they are better made and better goods than any other Pants for the money.

Boots! Boots! Shoes! Shoes!

We can now show Three Times as many Shoes than any other concern. Men's Low Cut Button Shoes, Oxford Ties, High Button Shoes, Buckle Shoes. We have them very cheap for parties who don't want to pay much, from $1.25 up. And we have the best, good, serviceable and fine Shoes.

Come and see for yourselves if we don't do all we say. We are running four large stores, and buy goods direct from the Manufactures, and we can offer to sell cheap. All goods marked in plain figures, and strictly One Price,

LYON & CO.

Branch Stores--Philipsburg, Pa., Reynoldsville, Pa., Houtzville, Pa.

w14-6m dm13-1f ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN.

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

The President.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The rise in the President's temperature last night caused a feeling of general alarm, in spite of the assuring statements of the doctors. But this feeling gave way this morning to one of confidence again, when the morning bulletins showed that the temperature and pulse had receded. There has been some increase since morning, but it is less than has occurred between morning and noon on any day of the last few days. On some days his pulse has gone up by 1 o'clock p. m. to 108 and temperature to over 100, while at 1 o'clock yesterday the bulletin shews his pulse only 100 and temperature 100 8 10. Dr. Reyburn said after 1 o'clock this afternoon that the President's condition maintains all the favorable symptoms that have caused so much hope the last few days; that there is nothing, so far as the surgeons can see, to cause any new feeling of alarm. He said the case is doing as well to-day as the doctors had hoped for; that these hot days necessarily cause some increase of fever, and this is to be expected for several days yet. He did not believe that the fever would get as high to-night as it was last night. The wound is doing well. The discharge from it is all right. The feeling of uneasiness growing out of last night's condition of the President was added to by the opinions of some outside doctors, who, though they have not seen the case, predicted evil results. The surgeons in charge do not share in these opinions of outside doctors as to the increasing dangers. While the doctors who have the case in hand do not pretend by any means that the President is out of danger, they grow more hopeful each day. Very naturally the slow and tedious process of recovery is wearying to the President but only on two or three occasions has he manifested any such feeling. Yesterday he remarked in a sort of inquiring way that it was doubtful if the few years he would get of life at best were worth all the hard struggle he was making, but Mrs. Garfield, who was by him at the time, urged him not to talk that way, as he knew that his life was worth all that could possibly be expended to save it.

NOT GETTING STRONGER.

Upon being asked if the President was growing stronger, Dr. Bliss impatiently asked, "How do you expect a man to grow stronger on twelve ounces of liquid food a day, a pretty high ten day fever, and the drain of a dangerous wound? No, he is not growing stronger. When the fever leaves him, when the wound is healed, and he is eating twelve ounces of beefsteak three times a day he will get strong again. But he is getting every day nearer to the time when he will be growing stronger, and that is quite enough for us to be thankful for, is it not?"

"Do you consider the President better than yesterday morning?"

"Yes, undoubtedly; the pulse and temperature are lower. We were somewhat disturbed at the increase of temperature which took place on Saturday and continued measurably during Sunday, but this morning it is down again and the pulse is back to 98. By the end of this week I have the strongest faith that the President will be out of danger, and will be growing stronger fast enough to satisfy our friends here."

VOWING VENGEANCE.

Secretary Blaine received in the mail to-day a postal card, postmarked St. Louis, Mo., but without signature, upon which the writer stated he had carefully watched the reports relative to President Garfield, and should not be satisfied with the simple incarceration of Guiteau in an insane asylum, or for a term of years in the penitentiary, but that he had vowed "by all that was holy" to take vengeance for the needlessly caused suffering of President Garfield, and kill Guiteau himself, which statement he desired not to be forgotten.

INCREASED HOPE OF ATTENDING SURGEONS.

Dr. J. J. Woodward, one of the four surgeons in constant attendance upon the President, being asked what he thought of the latter's condition replied: "This has been on the whole the best day the President has had since his injury. There was less disturbance during the febrile rise this afternoon than the previous afternoons, and the actual maximum temperature was less to day than yesterday. It still represents, however, considerable afternoon fever, and it would not be safe as yet to declare the President out of danger. But his general symptoms are very encouraging and with every day we feel increased hope."

Surgeon General Barnes said: "The President's maximum temperature has been less to-day than yesterday, and his general condition is much improved. He takes nourishment in constantly increasing quantities, and his stomach performs its functions well. He is not only better to-night than last night, but his condition as a whole is better than at any time since the shooting."

The Crisis Safely Passed.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Notwithstanding the very favorable bulletins each day indicating the steady progress toward convalescence, the President's condition never until to-day ceased to cause the greatest solicitude in the minds of perhaps a majority of the community, while no later than yesterday it was hinted in many quarters that the bulletins could not be taken as a fair indication of his real condition—that in fact he was each day growing weaker and making steady drains upon his reserve vitality to prolong life. To-day, however, there is a very general feeling of confidence that the critical point has been safely passed, and that the President is slowly but surely entering upon the road to convalescence. Members of the Cabinet called this morning as usual before going to their several departments, and with not a single exception came away from the sick room with more buoyant feelings of confidence than they have at any time exhibited since the day the President was wounded. Secretary Blaine said, in conversation, the bulletins could be taken in perfect confidence, and that the President's recovery might be considered almost removed from any question of uncertainty. As was indicated by his dispatch to-day to Minister Lowell, Mr. Blaine has now the most perfect confidence in the President's recovery. Secretary Lincoln also speaks with the utmost confidence of the President's recovery. He has abandoned his trip to the Yellowstone National Park in company with General Sherman, but will in the course of ten days or two weeks take his family to Rye Beach, N. H., if the President continues to improve.

WHAT DR. BLISS SAYS.

The President is better to-night than at any time since he was shot. The hopefulness of the surgeons now almost amounts to confidence of his ultimate recovery. At ten o'clock at night Dr. Bliss entered the White House and was asked by the reporter for a statement of the President's condition. The Doctor replied that he had not seen the President for two hours, but would go in, make an examination and then report his condition. In 15 minutes he returned, and said: "The President is doing first-rate. He is sleeping now as sweetly and quietly as possible. The fever has decreased since the last bulletin was issued. His pulse is below 100, and his temperature is not much above 100. His condition is better than it was twenty-four hours ago. His fever is not so high as it was at this time last night either in the temperature or pulse. Everything now promises that he is mending."

"Doctor, do you believe the worst has passed?"

"Yes," replied Dr. Bliss. "I am satisfied the culminating point is passed. There is no doubt of that. The night before last the fever was higher than at any other time before. Last night it dropped down, and I think it will now steadily decrease from day to day. Now, to-day there has been a very marked improvement. His fever was less than at any time since it set in. His pulse was lower than at any previous time, and his temperature became normal. Unless some unlooked-for complications arise, the crisis is past."

The Prospect Bright.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—There is a marked change in the scene about the Executive Mansion compared with that which has prevailed continuously since the President was wounded. Bright and cheerful expression have taken the place of sad and mournful ones, and the encouraging statements made by the attending physicians relative to the ultimate recovery of the President have the effect of relieving the terrible anxiety which has been prevalent for nearly a fortnight. Heretofore attaches of the White House, as well as those who were there on business in connection with the President's illness, and those calling to make personal inquiries, might have been observed in groups conversing in monotones, while to-day the sadness occasioned by the attempted assassination and fears which have been entertained that recovery was doubtful have given place to brighter hopes, and the general drift of conversation is more cheery and pleasant, indicating the great satisfaction which prevails regarding the patient's condition. Especially was this noticeable in the expressions of the members of the Cabinet leaving the White House this morning, each of whom made pleasing and satisfactory replies to all interrogatories regarding the President's condition. The day is bright and pleasant, with a very refreshing breeze, the result of a heavy shower which occurred last night. The guards are still kept about the White House grounds on patrol duty, and it will probably be continued until the President's is able to be about. The refrigerating apparatus, under the supervision of Major Powell, is practically finished, and all the noise caused by its construction has ceased, leaving the mansion and surroundings perfectly quiet and pleasant.

The Road to Recovery.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The President is passing a very comfortable night. All of his symptoms are favorable. None of the attending physicians now hesitate in saying that the great danger is over, and that the President is on the sure and steady but necessarily slow road to recovery. He has eaten more to-day than on any previous day of his illness. The nourishment administered to day was stronger, and such as is given a man who is recovering his strength, and as an aid to such recovery. He has been very cheerful. During the early part of the day he was asleep and got a very nice rest. None of the unfavorable symptoms which have as a rule appeared daily during the afternoon and evening have shown themselves to-day. His temperature this evening is lower, and there is but the slightest trace of fever.

A CALL FROM THE CABINET.

Last night the members of the Cabinet and their ladies with glad faces called at the White House. Their faces were the gladder when they left. None of the Cabinet are allowed to see the President. They sit in the President's office and talk in low tones while smoking cigars. Every once in a while a physician comes out and reports to them. The reports to-night were the most encouraging of any given since the shooting. In fact there is joy over the almost more than confident assurances of the President's recovery in every face.

Tortured to Death.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Parties who just arrived here from Chihauhua, Mexico, say that a paper was found in the road near where they attacked the stage, some forty miles below El Paso, several days ago. The paper bore these words, written by Mr. Pugh, under a prominent headline:

"Take Notice.—The finder of this is entitled to one hundred dollars, on delivering it to Marimon & Co., Chihuahua. I am a prisoner among the Indians. Do what you can for me."

The paper is dated three o'clock in the morning. It is thought that if Mr. Pugh is in the hands of victorious Indians he is being held as a hostage or for exchange of several Indians of that band now in the hands of Mexican authorities at Chihuahua. It is further thought that Mexicans would exchange some Indian children they hold for Mr. Pugh, but it is doubtful whether they would give up adult prisoners.

TORTURED TO DEATH.

A later dispatch from El. Paso, Mexico, says: The body of L. K. Pugh, son of ex-Senator Pugh, was found by a scout of Mexican troops near Carrezal, Chihuahua, horribly mutilated. He was tortured to death in a terrible manner, and after death three shots were fired into his body.

Wholesale Death from Sunstroke.

CINCINNATI, July 13.—The heat here yesterday was excessive all day and at night there was but little indication of cooler weather. The maximum temperature by the signal service record has been 102 and the mean temperature 91.4. Twenty-seven deaths from sunstroke have been reported, most of them occuring on the street. No less than thirty dead bodies, including some who died yesterday, were at the city undertakers yesterday awaiting identification by friends. The Board of Health will establish a temporary morgue. Among the dead are J. Price, proprietor of the Price Hill inclined plane, and Wm. Avery, a merchant. Fifty million gallons of water were used yesterday, which is more than the pumping capacity of the water works.

Society of outlaws Surprised.

HAVANA, July 13.—A secret society of outlaws, calling themselves "Navigos," heretofore negroes only, has extended to the white population. The police surprised a meeting of thirty-five members while swearing in new members, arresting them and capturing all their apparatus and paraphernalia. Thirty three of the members were white. Great indignation is manifested at the existence of such a society, and it is expected the Government will act summarily. An attempt was made to burn Santa Cataliva Convent, with the aid of petroleum, but the plot was discovered in time to prevent the disaster. The incendiary being detected drew a revolver on would-be capturers and escaped.

Missing Whalers Discovered.

SAN FRANCISCO, July.—The whaler Thomas Pope, Captain Midiard, arrived last evening from the Artic. She left the Straits on the 21st of June. The day before leaving she spoke the whaler Progress, Captain Barker and from her learned that the Indians near East Cape had found the two missing whalers Vigilant and Mount Walloston. The Indians found three corpses lying on board the Vigilant and from their appearance it was evident that they had died in the first year of their captivity in the ice. The Indians brought away from the Vigilant some money a spy-glass and a bomb gun. The revenue cutter Corcisin had a sledge party in search of the Indians to recover the articles named and obtained further information. There is no news from the Jeannette.

Italian Robber Chief Captured.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The steamer City of New Orleans arrived this morning, having on board Guiseppe Esposito, alias Rodazza, a noted Italian brigand, who escaped from his native country some years ago and who has since been living in New Orleans, where he was recently captured at the instance of the Italian Consul. He is charged with a terrible catalogue of crimes. He was the chief of a band of robbers who infested the island of Sicily, and especially the neighborhood of Palermo, robbing, murdering and holding captive travelers for a ransom.

The Price of Honor.

LOWELL, O., July 14.—A good deal of talk is created by a scandal which occurred here yesterday morning. A filler at the blast furnace went home about midnight and found a saloon-keeper named Maloney in company with his wife. In the morning before daylight the woman swore out a warrant charging Maloney with rape. Maloney could not be found but friends interposed and a compromise was effected by which Maloney is to pay $10 and the costs.

A Grand Victory for Maud S.

PITTSBURG, July 14.—Maud S. trotted a mile here yesterday, the second day's meeting of the Pittsburg Driving Park, in the remarkably quick time of 2:10½, the fastest time ever trotted in the world.

The attendance was simply immence. Fully 11,000 were present, and in all probability 12,000 is not too high a figure. And this is no mere guess work, but a simple matter of calculation. The turnstile at the main entrance registered nearly 10,000 people. This included of course, only those who went out in the trains and walked into the park, as those who went inside in carriages and buggies were not registered at the turn-stile. There were fully 1,000 carriages and buggies present, and averaging their occupants at the low figure of two to each, the total number in attendance would be at the least between 11,000 and 12,000. The grand stands were crowded to their utmost capacity, and a large sprinkling of ladies—2,000 of them at least—in summer costume, garnishing the crowds along the stand. It was a sight never before witnessed on a race-course in this vicinity.

The Albany Jangle.

ALBANY, July 14.—Senator McCarthy, of the Senate Caucus Committee yesterday morning sent a reply to the Assembly Caucus Committee declining to join with them in a call for caucus, referring to his former letter for reasons.

The ballot in the joint convention for the short term Senatorial vacancy resulted:

Lapham,	69	Potter,	52
Conkling,	32	Fish,	1
Woodford,	1		

Necessary to a choice 78.

The ballot for the long term resulted:

Miller,	71	Kernan,	51
Adam,	1	Wheeler,	23
Chapman,	2	Evarts,	1
Fish,	2	Daniels,	3
		Starin,	1

Necessary to a choice 78. Adjourned.

The Little Falls *Journal*, friendly to Conkling, announces itself in favor of the election of Lapham and Miller.

Edwin Booth's First Appearance on the Stage.

Edwin Booth's first appearance on the regular stage was made Sept. 10, 1849, at the Boston Museum, in the little part of Tressil, in Cibber's version of "Richard III." Junius Brutus Booth, his father—the rival of Edmund Kean, and one of the greatest tragedians that ever lived—was then keeping an engagement at the Museum, and Edwin was in attendance on him as dresser. Tressil had been cast to the prompter of the theater; but it chanced that this person wished to avoid the duty of acting it, and that he succeeded in persuading Edwin to undertake it. This arrangement was made without the elder Booth's knowledge, and he only became aware of it by reading in the play-bill the announcement of his son's first appearance, duly underlined. "Fool!" was all he said when he read this announcement; and this remark was not understood to signify encouragement. When the night came, and Edwin had dressed his father for Gloster, and himself for Tressil, the eccentric parent—who, beneath an outward aspect of indifference, loved this son with the fondest affection—took a chair, lit a cigar, and, viewing the youth with a critical eye, made this inquiry, "Do you know that you are supposed to have been riding hard and far?"

"Yes, sir,"

"Where are your spurs?"

"I haven't any."

"Take mine"—holding out one booted leg.

The boy took the spurs, and went on for his little scene with King Henry VI. When he returned, his father was still sitting negligently in the chair, and smoking the cigar. "Give me my spurs," he said, again holding out his leg; and this was all the comment that Edwin Booth's first professional appearance ever elicited from the parent whom he idolized. He learned subsequently, though that his father had been down at the wing, and had watched the first effort with evident interest and satisfaction, and then hastened back to his nonchalant pose in the dressing-room. There never, surely, could have been a more singular being than Junius Brutus Booth. This little trait of character is but one of thousands that marked him as a unique person.—*Harper's Magazine.*

The Regicides of Thirty Years.

Since Laplage in May, 1850, fired at the King of Russia in Berlin, nearly forty attempts have been made on the lives of crowned heads and presidents. Two have been aimed at Presidents of the United States, but both in the assassination of Lincoln, April 12, 1865, and of Garfield, the deed was the act of half-crazed men, acting without political backing. Three South American Presidents have been murdered in the same interval, President Morena, of Ecuador, August 6, 1875; The President of Paraguay in April, 1877; and President Prado, of Peru, more recently. Only one crowned head in Europe, the Czar of Russia, has been assassinated during this long period of assaults on crowned heads. Two other European rulers of lower rank, Prince Michael of Servia, brutally murdered in his palace park, June 10, 1758 and the Duke of Parma, stabbed March 20, 1854, have fallen by assassins; but all the other attempts have been unsuccessful. Queen Victoria has been twice fired at, the Emperor of Austria was stabbed in the back in 1853, Kaiser Wilhelm had his face filled with shot, June 5, 1878, by Nobiling, having been shot at in the preceding year by Hoedelan, the King and Queen of Spain were fired at in December of last year and the King of Italy the month before. Of monarchs out of business, the King of the two Sicilies was stabbed in 1856, the Queen of Greece wounded by a pistol-shot in 1858, and Louis Napolean was shot half a dozen times, besides being blown up twice.

Politeness in the Court-Room.

The following is from the Scranton *Republican*. If its statements apply to any other county than Lackawanna, we hope the moral will be laid to heart: Judge Hand, of Scranton, the other day gave the lawyers in his court a sharp lecture touching the idiotic manner in which they put questions to witnesses. The lecture was well deserved. The time of the Court and the jury is frittered away and the witness worried beyond justification by questions put to kill time, while the answers are always the same. The Judge might with equal propriety lecture the bar upon the behavior which should be observed while in court. A lawyer with his legs cocked up on the table before him will raise an objection to a question asked, in a tone too insolent for a bod-carrier to stand with equanimity, and yet the Judge is expected to rule upon it in gentlemanly tones. In no profession is there so much disregard for the proprieties as among the members of the bar, and in no profession is there such need of that comity which should subsist between the Judge, the jury, the witness and the attorney. Why a witness should be subjected to the imputation that he is a prevaricator and disposed to thwart justice no one has attempted to explain. That it should be so is a discredit to the profession of the law.

Just What He Wanted to Find Out.

A burly rowdy, who has already served five or six sentences, is brought before the police, just as they are about to begin the examination. "Mr. President," says he, "my lawyer is indisposed. I call for a delay of one week."

"But you have been caught in open misdemeanor, your hand in the pocket of the plaintiff. What could your lawyer say for you?"

"Precisely, Mr. President; I'm quite curious to know."

"'Tis love that makes the world go round. It also makes the young man go round—to the house of his girl about seven nights per week.

Bits of Information.

The payment of postage originated in France in 1653.

The Pacific ocean was discovered by Balboa, Sept. 5, 1513.

The British Museum was first opened Jan. 15, 1759.

Gas-lights were first used in New York city in 1823.

The first Mayor of New York was Thomas Willet, who was born in England in 1611. He came to Massachusetts when 18 years old, and in 1647 succeeded Miles Standish in the military command of Plymouth colony. When the English took New York from the Hollanders, in 1664, Capt Willet was chosen Mayor of the city and administered the Government for two years, at the expiration of which he returned to New England, where he died.

—I had Chronic Catarrh for years. PERUNA cured it. I. STRAUSBURGER, Pittsburg, Pa.,

—If you are going on a Pic-Nic or Excursion don't make life a burden by over heating yourself over a hot stove during the hot weather trying to bake nice cakes, when you can go to most any store in the country and by asking for a pound of Marvins' Lemon Imperial Wafers, Lady fingers, Strawberry Jumbles, Sarah Bernhardt Jumbles, Jamacia Snaps or Star Nicnacs and get just what you want.

Dealers will do well to order a case of Marvins' "4th of July assortment" thereby getting the above named variety as they are gotten up expressly for the present season.

We have so many imitators that we feel obliged to ask our friends to be particular and see that our name is on every package of Crackers, Cakes and Biscuits they buy.

S. S. MARVIN & Co.
91 & 93 Liberty street,
Pittsburgh.

From December, 1788, until March, 1789, the Delaware and Ohio rivers were both frozen and navigation suspended. In 1790 snow fell two feet deep in Ohio, and the river was so firmly frozen that mounted troops and artillery wagons rode across by the hundred.

Itching Piles—Symptoms and Cure.

The symptoms of moisture, like perspiration, intense itching, increased by scratching, very distressing, particularly at night, as if pin worms were crawling in and about the rectum; the private parts are sometimes affected; if allowed to continue very serious results may follow. "Dr Swayne's All-Healing Ointment" is a pleasant sure cure. Also the Tetter, Itch, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Erysipelas, Barbers' Itch, Blotches, all Scaly, Crusty, Cutaneous Eruptions. Price 50 cents. 3 boxes for $1.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price in currency, or three cent postage stamp. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, 330 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., to whom letters should be addressed. Sold by all prominent druggists. 12-7-1y

—For 13 years I had Chronic Catarrh, The Catarrh is well. PERUNA. MRS. J. MANKS, Pittsburg, Pa.,

Cats are called "pussy" by some people, but why they call them "pussy" instead of by their particular name is intimately and closely connected with the question why red apples grow on green-leafed trees. The word "pussy" is the Tamil word for cat, and has been introduced into the language through folk-lore. Nearly all fairy stories about cats come to us through Persian, which preserves the Tamil word.

—We noticed a few days since a paragraph in an exchange which was both amusing and instructive. The thought was portrayed in beautiful language, bringing before the readers sentiments to which one's nature could not help but respond, and ending with a modest recital of the virtues of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, for which we attached no blame to the writer as it was no more than a simple statement of the facts.

A simple insecticide can be made as follows: Place a quantity of water sufficient for use in a kettle to boil; put in all the alum it will dissolve; when boiling hot, with a brush apply the solution to all cracks, closets, bedstead and other places where insects are found. Ants, bed-bugs, cockroaches and creeping things are killed by it, while there is no danger of poisoning the family or injuring the property.

Honored and Blest.

When a board of eminent physicians and chemists announced the discovery that by combining some well known valuable remedies, the most wonderful medicine was produced, which would cure such a wide range of diseases that most all other remedies could be dispensed with, many were skeptical; but proof of its merits by actual trial has dispelled all doubt, and to-day the discoverers of that great medicine, HOP BITTERS, are honored and blessed by all as benefactors.—*Democrat.*

A young lady in New York has appropriately named her dog Penny, because it was one sent to her.

—Write to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass., for names of ladies that have been restored to perfect health by the use of her Vegetable Compound. It is a positive cure for the most stubborn cases of female weakness.

A Thrilling Scene.

A Ridgway dispatch to the Pittsburg *Leader* gives the following rather doubtful story: On Monday July 4,an engine on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad, bound westward, at Sinemahoning station, in some unknown way, while the engineer and firemen were off at some other business, got detached from the train and bounded down the track at the rate of forty miles an hour. At the rate of speed it was traveling it would arrive about two miles west of Driftwood as the eastward bound train was due at that place. Something had to be done and done quickly, or the train and its whole load of human freight would be dashed into eternity; who would save them from destruction? Mr. Will T. Tourman bounded on the platform, bound to board the flying engine. All remonstrance was in vain, nothing could stop him. He pulled off his coat and got ready for his flying and desperate leap. Five minutes to spare; he knelt for prayer for fully three minutes, and arose cool and calm. He looked like a guardian angel as he stood straight as an arrow with such a peaceful smile on his countenance. His prayer—Kind Heavenly Father guide my footsteps as I make this attempt to save human life, and if I am dashed into eternity be thou with me there. Please kind father to take care of Minnie, and if I am lost may kind people carry the news to her, and tell her I never forget her in death. I commend my soul to the God, Amen. At last she is in sight. He makes ready for the fatal spring, 150 yards. He starts to run; everybody stands breathless. At last they are even. Hurrah! he is aboard: soon all will be safe. He stopped her and backed into the siding just as the eastward-bound train dashed by at a flying rate. He jumped off the engine amid the cheers of hundreds who flocked to see one who risks his life for others. We must say the young lady he spoke of in his prayer should be proud of such a brave young man,who could give up his life freely for others and remember her so dearly in his prayer.

A Woman With Her Ear In Her Pocket.

[From the Akron (Ohio) Beacon.]

One of the most curious cases of a serious injury without any particular attention being paid to it took place yesterday morning at the valley Railway Depot in Cleveland. Mrs. Emma Worth, mother of Mrs. Louis K. Stone, of this city, fell down a flight of stairs, and in some unaccountable manner the greater portion of her right ear was cut off in such shape that when she recovered herself the ear lay on the floor. Parties present urged her to allow them to call a physician, but she grittily refused. To the astonishment of all the plucky lady picked the ear up and put it in her pocket, and covered up the wound by placing her handkerchief over the remaining part of the member, holding the handkerchief in place with her bonnet string. A very strange feature of the affair is that, while her ear was cut off as by a knife, no other injury was sustained, not even so much as a bruise to the bonnet being discernable. The unconcerned woman took her seat in the cars and arrived all right in this city, the handkerchief having become pretty thoroughly soaked with blood. Upon her arrival here Mr. Stone at once called a surgeon and had the wound promptly attended to, but the ear, which Mrs. W. had brought with her in her pocket from Cleveland, could not be replaced. She, however, refused to remain indoors yesterday, but was on the streets last evening, attending the grand reception at Saenger Hall. Her friends earnestly hope that she may suffer no inconvenience from the injury.

"Two Tollar?"

There was a slight blaze on the roof of a house on Russell street a few days ago, and when the insurance adjusters went up to make their survey they found that about $2 would cover all the loss.

"Two tollar," exclaimed the owner when he heard the decision; "I can't take no two tollar."

"But you see for yourself that a dozen shingles and an hour's work will make good all damages."

"Gentlemens, you doan' put me off like dot. When my vhife finds dot we vhas on fire she screams boleece and murder und falls down sthairs. Would you let your vhife fall down sthairs for dot sum? If so I goes home mit you und sees der fun."

"We do not insure husbands and wives, but buildings," was the reply.

"I know, but mein oldest poy he runs for der fire-box und fall a picket-fence oafer und breakes his good clothes all to pieces. Two tollar! Dot doan' bay me for goming up here."

"Yes, but we can only pay for actual damages."

"Dot's all I vhant. Who stole my dog vhen my house vhas on fire? Dot dog ish gone, und he was ten tollars wort."

"We didn't insure the dog."

"Und maybe you don't insure dem poys who sat on der fence and called out: 'Dot ole Lutchman's red nose has set his house on fire!' Do you expect I take such sass like dot for two tollar? Und vhen the firemens come here dey break mein clotheslines down mit der ladders und dey spill wasser all oafer my carpets. Two tollar! Vhell, Vhell! you go right avhay from here, und I takes dot old insurance bolicy und steps him into der mudt!"

Blue ointment and kerosene mixed in equal portions, and applied to bedsteads,is an unfailing bug remedy.

Household Hints.

Salt fish are quickest and best freshened.

Old lawn or white dresses make nice curtains for bedrooms or aprons for children.

Fish may be scaled much easier by just dipping into boiling water about a minute.

Common whiting, wet with amonia, rubbed on with a piece of flannel will clean silverware beautifully.

When clothes have acquired an unpleasant odor, by being kept from air, charcoal laid in the folds will soon remove it.

When washing oil-cloths, put a little milk in the last water they are washed with This will keep them bright and clean longer than clear water.

The eruption caused by contact with poison ivy may often be quickly relieved by the local application of "blue stone," which is sulphate of copper.

To harden your feet bathe them frequently in water to which five or six drops of tannic acid have been added. A strong decoction of oak bark is also good to harden the feet.

Meat can be prevented from scorching, during the roasting process, by simply placing a basin or cup of water in the oven. The steam generated not only prevents scorching, but makes the meat cook nicer.

Meat should be hung long enough to grow tender,if too long it becomes dry looses its juice and weight, and if not long enough it is tough and hard. It should also be hung where the air is clear and cool, but not in a strong current, as then it will dry out its juice. It is said that if you steam a tough piece of meat for half an hour, then roast it in the ordinary manner, it will be tender.

A charming and inexpensive manner of decorating a panel on the wall,or the pier between two windows is to cover the space to be ornamented with tulle, the meshes of which are as large as possible. This at a short distance does not hide the painting or the paper on the wall, and it makes an excellent groundwork on which autumn leaves and ferns can be pinned to from very ornamental designs.

Marrying a Chinaman.

A very interesting event took place at Wesley chapel Sunday evening, it being the second wedding in this city in which a Chinaman and an American woman were the contracting parties. The groom was Wan Koon, better known as Ben Hope Lee, and the bride Laura Cleary. They were attended by Wah Hing, Wah Lee, Yee Wing, Jang Ou Jow Hong, and Misses Helen and Belle Clearly of this city sisters of the bride, and Miss Ida Davis, of Chillicothe. The ceremony was performed in the chapel by the Rev. A. C. Hirst, in the presence of a large audience. The affair soon became noised about on the street and there was a great rush of people to the church, but most of them arrived after the ceremony was over. There was, however, a general promenading around to congratulate the parties. During the ceremony the mother of the bride was greatly affected, and it was therefore a serious ceremony, but after it was over all were gay and lively. The bride is eighteen years old, and born here. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Cleary live at No. 537 East Friend street. Mr. Cleary is a plumber by trade and the family is in good circumstances for laboring people. The bride has been working in her husband's laundry for the past year, and she is highly spoken of by all who know her. Ben Hope Lee was dressed in full conventional style, and the bride in black silk with lace trimmings. The presents were very rich consisting of a seven stone cluster diamond ring, worth $100 from the groom; diamond ear drops and gold bracelets from Jow Hong, and others of less value. The bride's presents in the way of jewelry were rich. She wore an elegant gold watch and chain, which her husband had presented her some time ago. After the congratulating at the chapel the party repaired to Schneider's restaurant. There were twenty guests at the tables and an abundace was served including wines from all parts of the globe. The Chinese rice wine was pronounced the best ever tapped in this locality. The tables were served in all that could be obtained. The parents of the bride are Catholics, and it is stated that Ben Hope Lee will espouse that faith. There was a social gathering at the home of the parents of the bride in the evening. They will board at the Capitol Hotel, and the husband has an ample bank account for the future.—*Ex.*

Thought it was a Mouse.

The Newburyport (Mass.) *Herald* relates the following incident: A short time since an elderly lady of this city startled the household with a piercing shriek and the information that there was a mouse in her pocket. Some one rushed to her rescue, hastily assisted her to divest herself of her wrapper, firmly grasping the mouth of the pocket to prevent the escape of the dangerous animal. The garment was then turned over to the man of the house, and he, armed with a club, proceeded to the back yard to dispatch the offender. The pocket was opened gradually, but no mouse appeared. Finally, gaining courage, he ventured to investigate, and found the cause of the excitement was a pocket tape measure, from which the string had become detatched and had unwound with a whirr.

Parallel Cases.

General Henry A. Barnum suffers to this day from a gunshot wound not unlike that of the President, received nineteen years ago at the battle of Antietam. He was shot entirely through the right side of the body, and so desperate was his condition that he could not be removed from the field, the physicians declaring that an attempt to remove him would be fatal. But he recovered after a few weeks treatment in a field hospital, and is to-day well and hearty. His great annoyance is that he is compelled to wear a seton to keep the wound open, and the careful washing of the wound is a part of his daily toilet. In his case, however,the liver was probably not lacerated. The late General Lovell H. Rosseau, of Kentucky,was shot in 1856 by Dr. Standiford, for some time President of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad. The ball entered the abdomen just above the navel and lodged in the back. It was never removed. He was in a dangerous condition for several weeks after, but finally recovered. and lived until 1869, dying suddenly while apparently in the best of health from what his physicians at New Orleans called "knotted bowels"

Christianity was adopted as the religion of Rome 311 A. D.

Piles.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose that he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, indigestion, etc. A moisture like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, particularly at night, after getting warm in bed, is a very common attendant. Internal, External and Itching Piles yield at once on the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the tumors, allaying the intense itching, and effecting a permanent cure where all other remedies have failed. Do not delay until the drain upon the system produces permanent disability, but try it and be cured. Price, 50 cents. Ask your druggist for it, and when you cannot obtain it of him, we will send it, prepaid, on receipt of price. Address, The Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Piqua, Ohio. Sold by F. Potts Green. 21-17t

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table Nov. 8, 1880.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 25
Flemington	5 29	4 30
Mill Hall	5 34	4 33
Beech Creek	5 50	4 45
Eagleville	5 55	4 50
Howard	6 09	5 01
Mount Eagle	6 18	5 19
Curtin	6 25	5 15
Milesburg	6 36	5 25
Bellefonte	6 46	5 35
Milesburg	6 56	5 45
Snow Shoe Int	7 00	5 48
Unionville	7 09	5 57
Julian	7 18	6 08
Martha	7 27	6 17
Port Matilda	7 35	6 25
Hannah	7 42	6 33
Fowler	7 48	6 36
Bald Eagle	7 55	6 47
Vail	7 59	6 51
Arrive at Tyrone	8 10	7 02
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 32	8 48
East Tyrone	7 39	8 55
Vail	7 42	8 58
Bald Eagle	7 47	9 02
Hannah	7 55	9 13
Port Matilda	8 00	9 19
Martha	8 07	9 25
Julian	8 15	9 32
Unionville	8 23	9 39
Snow Shoe Int	8 32	9 45
Milesburg	8 34	9 48
Bellefonte	8 47	10 05
Milesburg	8 54	10 08
Curtin	9 06	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 12	10 25
Howard	9 20	10 37
Eagleville	9 38	10 49
Beech Creek	9 40	10 54
Mill Hall	9 54	11 16
Flemington	9 57	11 20
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 01	11 2

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 12, 1881:

WESTWARD.	
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
" " Harrisburg	4 25 a m
" " Williamsport	8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore	9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven	9 40 a m
" " Renovo	11 05 a m
" arr at Erie	7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	9 00 a m
" " Harrisburg	12 15 p m
" arr. at Williamsport	3 15 p m
" " Lock Haven	4 26 p m
" " Renovo	5 30 p m
" " Kane	10 05 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	5 35 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	12 10 a m
" " Harrisburg	4 00 p m
" " Williamsport	7 55 p m
" arr at Lock Haven	9 10 p m
EASTWARD.	
PACIFIC EXP. leaves Lock Haven	7 05 a m
" " Jersey Shore	7 37 a m
" " Williamsport	8 20 a m
arr at Harrisburg	12 05 p m
" Philadelphia	3 20 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane	6 00 a m
" " Renovo	10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven	11 25 a m
" " Williamsport	12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 40 p m
" " Philadelphia	6 45 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	11 35 a m
" " Renovo	9 00 p m
" " Lock Haven	10 10 p m
" " Williamsport	11 30 p m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 00 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 35 a m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport	12 15 a m
" arr at Harrisburg	3 15 a m
" " Philadelphia	7 35 a m

Erie Mail and Fast Line West and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L & B. R.R. trains. Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains

WM. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after March 28, 1880.

Leaves Snow Shoe 5.36 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 7.24 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.12 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.25 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.30 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.30 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.45 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.25 p. m.

S. S. BLAIR, *General Sup't.*

CUTICURA Permanently Cures Humors of the Scalp and Skin.

Cuticura remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of Cuticura, a Medicinal Jelly, small boxes, 50c; large boxes, $1. Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Medicinal Toilet Soap, 25c. Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15c; in bars for barbers and large consumers, 50c. Principal depot. WEEKS & POTTER, 27-4t Boston, Mass.

☞ All mailed free on receipt of price.

BEATTY'S ORGANS, 17 Stops, 5 set Golden Tongue Reeds, only $85 Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N.J. 27-4t

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

This Space is Reserved for

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, &c.

HUMES' BLOCK, ALLEGHENY STREET

BELLEFONTE, PA.

No More Round Shoulders.

PATENTED.

AMERICAN BRACE.

1. This brace in its peculior constauction has all the advantages of a suspender for the pantaloons. Shoulder Brace and Chest Expander combined.
2. It does not disarrange the shirt bosom.
3. It cannot slip off the shoulder.
4. There is less strain on the buttons of the pantaloons.
5. Each section of the pantaloons can be adjusted independently.
6. By means of the adjustable back strap, a gentle or powerful brace may be obtained.
7. In rainy weather the pantaloons may be raised from the heels without interfering with the front.
8. They are highly recommended by all the leading physicians

☞ In ordering by post send chest measure.

1. The brace in its peculiar construction has all the advantages of a Chest Expander and Skirt Supporter combined.
2. It expands the chest and gives free respiration to the lungs.
3. It keeps the shoulders perfectly straight.
4. It relieves the back, hip and abdominal organs by supporting the entire weight of the clothing from the shoulders.
5. It is worn without any inconvenience whatever, and imparts new life to the wearer.
6. It is valuable for children while at their studies, obliging them to always sit erect.

☞ Sent post free throughout the U. S.

Prices, 75c., $1.00, 1.50, 2.00.

Post Office Orders made payable to the order of

VALENTINES & CO.

Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c. Agents for the Eighmie Shirt,

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELLEFONTE, PA. 12-25-1y

VIA-SANO THE GREAT LIVER KIDNEY AND BLOOD REMEDY & Anti-Bilious TONIC.

A compound of the active principles of Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Mandrake, Buchu, Hops, &c., which acts promptly on the Liver, Kidneys, Blood, Stomach and Bowels at the same time. These organs are so intimately connected that when one is deranged, the others become more or less affected. To the great value and superiority of this compound, which relieves at once all to health, the entire system feels its effects. It is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Gravel, Female Weakness, all Skin Diseases, Sore Eyes and Scrofula, Rheumatism, old sores and ulcers. Pleasant to take. Trial bottles, 25cts. Large bottles, 50cts. All druggists sell it. Also prepared in sugar-coated pills, and mailed for 25 cts a box. Address VIA-SANO HOME MEDICINE CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

COURTSHIP.—THE FACE IS AN INFALLIBLE index to character. How to read it is known to few. The key is plain and guaranteed to defy all the Sophistry of Courtship. Don't marry until you have it. For further information send two 3-cent stamps to Prof. A. E. DOTY, of Washington, D. C., and the return mail will bring it to you. 13-21-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—ESTATE OF HENRY ECKENROTH, late of Spring township deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement, to

MRS. CHARLOTTE ECKENROTH, Administratrix.

Pleasant Gap, Pa. 26-6t

NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED GIVES notice that he did purchase, at Constable's sale, on Friday, June 24th, all the personal property in the possession of Abraham Alten, of Benner township, consisting of horses, cows, sheep, farm machinery, etc., and all persons are hereby warned against purchasing or in any way meddling with the same.

26-3t WILLIAM WITMER.

THE RELISH OF THE WORLD!

HALFORD SAUCE!

18-4w SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

J.A.MES HARRIS & CO.. ARE SELLING VERY LOW

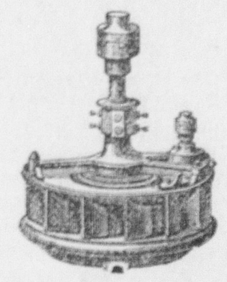
REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS, And all kinds of Farming Tools.

RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS, ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

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Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength nd security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE B

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

B. B. B.

FERTILIZERS.

ACID PHOSPHATE, DISSOLVED AMMONIATED RAW BONE,

BONE SUPER-PHOSPATE BEST QUALITY. PACIFIC-GUANO.

We have taken great pains in selecting our stock of

FERTILIZERS,

and feel confident that the above make a full line of the best

Commercial Fertilizers

Ever offered to farmers in this community. They are good to stimulate the growth of Corn, Grass, Potatoes, Tobacco, Wheat, Vegetables, &c.

Prices low. Terms liberal. Fuller particulars will be cheerfully given to those who desire it at the

FARMERS' SUPPLY STORE.

Opposite Bush House, Bellefonte, Pa.

ALEXANDER & CO.

16-4m

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN, DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

THE REPUBLICAN IS ALWAYS FULL OF NEWS and other information of interest and value to the people of Centre and neighboring counties.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Tyrone's new iron bridge is pronounced substantial, but not a thing of beauty.

—The local page of the Clearfield *Republican* has been improved in appearance by new type.

—Two Sunday-schools, the Methodist and Episcopal, have had their annual romp in the woods. Next!

—The wood work on the exterior of the First National bank building is being touched up with fresh paint. Andy Loneberger is the artist.

—Campmeeting literature, in the shape of posters, circulars and tracts, are being spread over the country. The season rapidly approaches.

—Two boys, whose names our informant could not furnish, were prostrated by sunstroke at Pennsylvania Furnace, during the recent torrid weather.

—The inmates of the Huntingdon jail have been supplied with Japanese fans by the Sheriff. Some people are always in luck, no matter what their position.

—Reports received from the Brush valley region are to the effect that the grain crop, which is about all harvested, averages good. On some farms the crop is excellent.

—Mr. William Bing, who formerly occupied a responsible position at the round house, will shortly, we are informed, take charge of an engine on the Tyrone and Clearfield road.

—A Millheim young lady, Mary A. Maize, fell from a ladder a short time since, while engaged in gathering cherries, and broke her right arm near the wrist. She sustained other painful bruises about her body.

—A valuable cow, belonging to Mr. George W. Jackson, was run over and killed by the local freight Friday afternoon, below the round house. This is the first accident of this kind that has occurred in several months.

—There is a time when one brick in the hand is worth a whole cart load in the brick yard. It is at two o'clock in the morning, when the festive Thomas cat mounts the back yard fence and yells frantically for "Maria."

—Lawrence Brown and wife and Roland Curtin and wife drove over from Bellefonte on Friday. The distance from Bellefonte to Huntingdon is 45 miles, and they drove over leisurely in less than two days.—*Local News*.

—Millheim sees Bellefonte and goes one degree better. On Sunday, the 10th, thermometers in that burg, according to the *Journal*, showed up at 105°. The highest the mercury reached in Bellefonte, on the same day, was 104°.

—The reports of the tobacco crop given out from the census office says Pennsylvania occupies third position in that culture, having advanced from twelfth. Kentucky is first, with thirty-six per centum of total product and Virginia second.

—A South ward girl, whose front hair is but a trifle less stiff than the quills on a porcupine's back, says she don't care a picayune how soon "banged hair" goes out of style. Her freedom from solicitude on the subject is easily accounted for.

—We are informed that the large store room in E. Brown, Jr.'s, new building on Bishop street, will soon be occupied as a furniture store, it having been leased for that purpose by two young, experienced men. It will be opened on or about August 1st.

—The interior of the railroad depot at Snow Shoe is to receive a fresh coat of whitewash. Superintendent Blair also promised to send up a lot of second hand settees. Lordy! won't all these improvements make the Snow Shoeites feel "stuck up" though!

—According to recent astronomical observations our long-tailed, celestial visitor, the comet, has dissolved partnership—that is, split itself in two parts, the upper half eloping with the tail. It is now in order for some one to explain the cause of this little racket.

—Mr. John Geary, superintendent of the fire brick works at Sandy Ridge, was in town Thursday on legal business, and made us a brief call. Mr. Geary was recently injured by the cars at the works, and intends bringing suit against the railroad company for damages.

—Mr. J. H. Bradley, formerly a resident of Bellefonte, but now located at Adrian, Mich., writes to us that he is getting along swimmingly in his present quarters. He is at work in a car wheel manufactory, earns big pay and enjoys good health. That's enough to make anybody feel good.

An Important Decision.

Judge Bucher, of Union county, presiding over the Perry county court for Judge Junkin, rendered an important decision effecting the liability of municipalities for injuries sustained to persons accidentally falling into unguarded excavations, which the authorities in Bellefonte would do well to consider. The ruling would hold good in regard to the many wretched boardwalks and other man-traps, to be found all over town. The case was that of Spangler vs. the borough of Bloomfield. The plaintiff, who was a stranger, fell into an excavation about five an a half feet deep, by which he received very severe injuries. The pavement where the accident occurred was at that time of required width and in good condition, but there was no guard to prevent persons from falling over. Upon the trial of the case it was argued that there was no negligence on the part of the borough, because the excavation was on private ground and it would have been trespass to have invaded private premises to erect a guarding or railing, while to have placed it within the required width of the pavement would have been to expose the borough to an action for damages by any person who might have been injured thereon. The jury was instructed that it was the duty of the borough to have protected the sidewalk, but the question whether it was the duty of the borough authorities, under the circumstances, to place a guard or barrier there for the protection of the traveler using the pavement, and whether they were guilty of negligence in not doing so was reserved as a point of law for the jury of the court. Under the instructions the jury found a verdict of three hundred dollars for the plaintiff. A motion was made for a new trial. Upon the reserved point of law his Honor, in an elaborate and very careful opinion, decided that under the circumstances in the case the borough was guilty of negligence in permitting the pavement to go unprotected by guards or barriers, and overruled the motion for a new trial, and directed judgment to be entered upon the verdict.

—Friday last seems to have been cow day with the railroad men. The record for the day, so far as heard from, was four killed. The same train—the local freight—which struck and killed a valuable animal belonging to Mr. G. W. Jackson, of this place, also dashed into a groupe of three cows at Fowler Station, killing every one of them, so a brakeman informed us. People who allow their cows to run at large must expect to have one "railroaded" once in a while.

—The *Scientific American* gives currency to the statement of a German journal that cases of tetanus, or lockjaw, have been successfully treated by merely applying to the nape of the neck along the spine large pieces of flannel dipped in hot water at a temperature just bearable to the hand (50° C). The remedy is certainly a very simple one, occessible to all, and should it be a successful one, would prove a veritable boon to suffering humanity.

—The curb market amounts to something now-a-days. On Saturday there were between twenty-five and thirty teams on the ground, and the Diamond, during the early morning, presented quite an animated appearance. The articles of produce offered were generally of good quality, and Market Clerk Shaughensy says the display of "wegetables was the foinest yit."

—Mr. Coleman Wynn, mine boss at Scotia bank, looked in upon us a few moments on Saturday. Mr. Wynn pronounces the report that Mr. Pierrepont had been removed from the position of superintendent a false rumor. He says there has been a slight change made by which Mr. Pierrepont's duties have been somewhat lessened, but that's all.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* came out last week with a new head and under new management, Mr. E. C. Bender retiring from journalistic life. The new proprietor, Mr. W. T. Bair, who has been associated with Mr. Bender in the publication of the paper, has our best wishes for his success.

—It is stated that cramp, the cause of so many deaths by drowning, may be effectually prevented by the bather wearing an elastic garter above the knee. The prevention is so simple and harmless that it is worth while for bathers to use the garters and give the thing a trial.

—Mrs. S. K. Fleck, wife of a prominent merchant of Philipsburg, is sojourning with her daughter, Mrs. Schofield, on Thomas street. The lady proposes to remain in this town a short time for the benefit of her health.

—The meeting of the Juvenile Temperance Union, at the public school building on Saturday evening, was spirited and largely attended.

New Departure at the College.

We notice by a circular just issued by acting President McKee, of the State College, that the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees have determined to establish fifty free scholarships in the institution—one for each Senatorial district in the State. All tuition in the college is already free. These scholarships, in addition to the tuition, will entitle the holders thereof to exemption from the payment of other college charges, for incidentals, room rent, fuel and use of furniture.

It is believed that this can be done without adding materially to the expenses of the institution, whilst its benefits will be enlarged to the extent of these scholarships. The conditions are that the scholar, after a competitive examination of the studies required for admission, receive the appointment of the Senator of his district, and that said scholar be at least fifteen years of age, of good character, and fully prepared for admission to the Freshman class. The student so appointed shall be entitled to the benefits of his scholarship for the four years of his college course, provided that his conduct and class standing be satisfactory to the faculty. So soon as a vacancy occurs, from any cause, the Senator of the district shall have authority to fill the scholarship by a new appointment, under similar conditions.

This new departure is commendable, and if successfully carried forward, cannot fail to accomplish good and satisfactory results in many ways.

What We'd Like to See.

The hotels of Bellefonte fill up to overflowing with summer boarders.

The wealthy men in town show their benevolence by erecting a public drinking fountain in the Diamond.

Fifty years into the future, to see if the citizens of Bellefonte are to have any rights at that day which cows will be compelled to respect.

The President fully restored in mind and body.

The comet approach within a million miles of the earth and remain in that position the rest of the summer.

Dick Harris contest for honors in a foot race, with "Louie" Doll as competitor.

A woman who can play the piano to perfection and make a good job of sewing on a shirt button.

The man who has not remarked this season, "Is this hot enough for you?"

The interior of John Wagner's wallet after he has disposed of a barrel of mackerel.

A two days' rain storm, followed by a week of January weather.

Bellefonte be able to boast of a public park, containing a bathing house.

The practice of loafing about church entrances abolished.

Lots of other things that we can't.

—The professional loafers about town vote the Court House steps the boss place in town to tie to this weather. This is certainly gratifying intelligence. While others are toiling hard from morn till night, beneath the boiling sun, to earn their daily bread, it is a consoling thought to know that the grumbling bummers are resting comfortably beneath the Court House shades, while their wives are laboring heroically over a hot stove to prepare their meals.

—Beck, the tonsorial artist, is always looking after the comfort of his customers. What do you suppose he's been doing now? Why, he sent to Cincinnati the other day and got a patent seat for his shaving chair. It is constructed of wood, perforated with holes, and while being operated upon the occupant of the chair remains as cool and composed as though sitting astride a "junk" of ice. Go and try it.

—Philipsburg has a new paper, the *Laborers' Guide*, published by Jacob Miller, editor and proprietor. Both sides of the paper are set up and printed away from home, we judge, as the copy before us contains barely three sticks of original matter. There may be an opening for such a journal in that section, but we doubt it.

—The Cresson House, at Cresson Springs, although not yet finished, is rapidly filling up with guests. It is expected that six hundred people will have arrived there by the 20th inst. A. K. McClure, Judge Pearson and other big guns are there, and John Bauland, of the Bee Hive, expects to join the throng soon.

—This is *the* month for picnics. Men are more apt to wear white trousers during this month than any other time of the year, and the artist doesn't live who can paint a more affecting scene than that produced by a huckleberry pie plastered onto the seat of a pair of white trousers.

—Mr. Irvin Humes came down from Tyrone Saturday night and spent Sunday with his parents and many friends.

The Printers' Picnic.

In speaking of the probability that some persons will be dissatisfied with Bedford as the place for holding the printers' picnic, the Huntingdon *Local News* reminds all such that there is no law to prevent them going where they please, and adds: "Bedford was chosen because it is a prominent watering place in the Juniata valley, and having already been at Cresson and Lloydsville, it was the object of the committee to go the rounds. The disadvantages of getting to Bedford and the springs were taken into consideration by the committee at their meeting on Friday last, and it was not until provision was made for sufficient accommodations for all the printers and their families, at very moderate rates, that the committee by unanimous consent decided to go to Bedford in September next. It is presumed that the railroad tickets will be good from Friday, September 2, until Monday, September 5, and parties can remain at the springs one day or three days, or they can go up on Saturday morning and have over four hours in which to see the springs and return the same evening."

State Teachers' Association.

The Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will hold its next meeting at Washington, in the western part of the State, July 26th, 27th and 28th. Arrangements are in progress to make this one of the largest and most successful meetings that has been held. The town is attractive, being the seat of Washington and Jefferson college. Excursion tickets will be sold on the leading railroads, and the rates for boarding will be greatly reduced. Further information can be obtained by writing to Henry Houck, deputy superintendent, Harrisburg, or to Dr. George P. Hays, chairman of Washington, Pa. Applications for excursion tickets must be sent to J. F. Sickel, Germantown, Pa.

The Inspection.

The semi-annual inspection of Company B, by Major Sayre, of Gen. Beaver's staff, took place Friday evening in the Diamond. Captain Mullen was able to muster only about thirty men, which was probably owing to the high state of temperature which prevailed at the time. The company's evolutions, with one or two exceptions, were very creditable, and we understand Major Sayre expressed himself as being pleased with its progress. The inspection lasted about half an hour.

—A desperate case of "love at first sight" was developed on the picnic train from Snow Shoe on Thursday night between a car shop employee and a buxom-looking servant girl. From what we hear the spectacle must have been a touching one. Indeed, there is little doubt of it, as our young friend Barrett, of the telegraph office, who witnessed the remarkable performance, has worn a mournful look upon his countenance ever since the occurrence, and he is not usually affected by such matters.

—One evening last week a thirsty youth stepped up to the bar of an up town saloon and asked for a glass of beer. "No, sir," said the bar tender, "you're a minor." Thinking that the "mixologist" referred to the man who labors beneath the ground, he promptly answered, "You're a liar; I'm a car shop man!" The fact that he was "a car shop man" availed him naught, however, as the man behind the counter refused to set out the coveted liquid.

—The McVeytown *Journal* gets this off: A Lewistown girl stuffed the sleeve of an old coat with straw and placed it around her waist as she sat in the bay window wrapped in the soft June twilight. It looked all right and natural from a distance and broke the neighbor girls all up with envy, but the satisfaction she derived from the hug was about as thin as strained moonshine. The condition of the Lewistown damsel is certainly critical.

—Judge Gillis, formerly of Kane, Cameron county, and at one time engaged in lumbering operations in this county, died recently at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa. He was an ex-member of Congress from this State, and well-known by many people throughout this section. Deceased was chraged with the killing of Morgan, the man who attempted to expose the secrets of Free Masonry, but was never convicted.

—After the toy pistol comes the green apple.—*Philadelphia Star*. And after both comes the dead boy.—*Williamsport Banner*. We don't exactly see the philosophy of that. What would induce a dead boy to go after a toy pistol or green apples?

—The borough recently erected a flight of wooden stairs leading from Howard to Ridge streets, which the residents of that vicinity find very convenient.

—Local Democratic politicians are beginning to wear an anxious look.

Marauding Cows.

As in Bellefonte, the residents of Lock Haven seem to have no protection against the cow nuisance, and if such is the case, our townspeople, whose rights in this particular have been trampled upon for years and years, know how to sympathize with them. The *Journal* suggests as the most satisfactory way of settling the difficulty, that at the next spring election an election be held to decide whether the gentle bovine shall be allowed to graze on the thoroughfares or be driven to enclosed pastures.

Here is the way the *National Democrat*, of Tionesta, records a cow marauding expedition. It will come in appropriately under the above head: "Somebody in this beautiful borough owns a beautiful black cow, full neck, and a beautiful slab stretched across her beautiful horns. This said beautiful cow, with beautiful bell and begutiful slab across her beautiful horns, let those beautiful bars of Dr. Coburn's down on Monday night, and destroyed his beautiful garden. It is said that this beautiful cow has destroyed a great many beautiful gardens, and unless the owner keeps her shut up at night, he might, on some beautiful morning, be minus a beautiful cow with a beautiful bell, and a beautiful slab across her horns. It is further said that there are several persons in the borough who have beautiful gardens, have purchased a beautiful lot of powder and lead, and should she give them a call they will give her a beautiful dose, just for the sake of saving what they have now, and for a beautiful shot at a beautiful cow."

An Opportunity not to be Missed.

The regular weekly rehearsal of the Bellefonte orchestra, on Thursday evening, at the residence of Mr. F. P. Green, made the corner of Linn and Allegheny streets the centre of attraction for the time being. On this occasion they were reinforced by Mr. Thayer, who performed upon his trombone, and its smooth, alto tones, filling in and blending harmoniously with the other instruments, all the members agreed formed a great addition. Mr. Thayer, who, as we have before stated, is a graduate of Dana's music school, at Warren, Ohio, is an acknowledged master of this instrument, and during the evening favored the orchestra with some fine selections, accompanied by Mr. Dale at the piano. Mr. Thayer is here for the purpose of teaching a class in harmony, and we would suggest to our citizens that such an opportunity should not be allowed to pass by unheeded. Bellefonte, already noted for the musical culture of its people, should encourage Mr. Thayer to make his home among us by extending to him a generous patronage. Our young people, especially, who are fond of music, should take advantage of this opportunity.

A Drummer Under Napoleon.

Mr. Charles Peterson, who has been living with Sheriff Spangler for many years, and who was a drummer boy under the great Napoleon I., as before mentioned in these columns, died on Saturday last. His exact age is not known, but is supposed to have been somewhere in the vicinity of 85 years. The old gentleman leaves a wonderful record behind him, and if his history could be written it would make very interesting reading.

Deceased was a victim of the speculative life insurance barbarity. It is said that policies amounting to $40,000 had been taken out on his life since last December, mostly by Bellefonte parties, but we have not yet succeeded in getting the particulars concerning the parties who have been engaged in the disreputable business.

A Tumble into the Creek.

George McKeever, a young son of Mr. W. A. McKeever, of the Brockerhoff House, fell from the sidewalk into the creek on Monday afternoon by Water street, near High street bridge, and narrowly escaped drowning. This is the same boy who fell from a window a few days since and fractured one of his arms, consequently was unable to help himself much in the water. An employee of the *Watchman* office, Mr. Howard Spangler, saw him fall, and promptly went to his assistance. The little fellow is possessed of good grit, as was shown by his anxious inquiries, immediately after being rescued, concerning the whereabouts of his hat, which had floated down the stream.

—While the boarders at the Bush House were partaking of their noonday repast on Monday a large rat trotted into the dining hall from the main entrance, and proceeded to investigate matters. Before it had proceeded far, however, its presence was discovered by a sensitive female, who immediately gave the war-cry, and the scene which followed, a boarder informs us, was of the liveliest description. Finally his ratship came in contact with somebody's bootheel, and was killed, and the excited ones resumed operations with their knives and forks.

Jury List for August Term.

The following is the list of jurors drawn for August term of court, commencing Monday, August 22, 1881:

GRAND JURY.

David Deitrick, Walker	J. Musser, Jr. Ferguson
H. A. Moore, Howard bor.,	J. Witmer Wolf, Patton
	J. F. Stover, Haines,
Wm. Wike, Half Moon,	D. B. malone, Boggs,
M. Pletcher, Liberty,	J. B. Bitner, Potter,
S. Williams, Huston,	Peter Robb, Curtin,
Henry Heaton, Boggs,	F. P. Musser, Millheim,
John Callahan, Rush,	J. Gunsallus, SnowShoe
John Biddle, Patton,	Thos. Brumagard, Miles,
G. W. Swartz Millheim	W. McCormick, Jr. Potter,
L. C. Rearick, Spring,	
A. R. Marshall, Benner,	J. B. Rockey, Benner,
Wm. Young, Worth,	Conrad Singer, Curtin

TRAVERSE JURORS—1ST WEEK.

John Love, Ferguson,	Jac. Cronister, Half Moon.
W. R. Camp, Potter,	
O. M. Sheets, Ferguson	J. A. Crider, Boggs,
Emanuel Peters, College	Constans Curtin, Boggs,
Lewis Mench, Haines,	J. S. Boal, Harris,
N. J. McCloskey, Curtin	S. Mattern, Half Moon,
E. R. Jones, Worth,	Henry Wolf, Miles.
J. E. Ward, Ferguson,	John Gingrich, Worth,
J. Weaver, Harris,	Wm. Stiver, potter,
E. B. Hosterman Potter,	Ed. Poorman Snow Shoe,
G. W. Fleck, Boggs,	W. A. Kerr, Potter.
Joseph Gilliland, Potter,	Geo. Kauffman, Spring,
D. K. Miller, Marion,	Aaron Ulrich, Penn,
W. Zimmerman, Burnside,	Geo. Martz, College,
	D. L. Zerby, Penn,
Thomas Lingle, Potter,	Lowery Shope, Boggs,
Daniel Glossner, Liberty,	Wm. Clevenstine, Walker,
	William Bradford, Harris,
C. M. Sellers, Patton,	
W. H. Barthelamew, Gregg,	Edward Krumrine, Gregg,
D. W. Holt, Philipsburg,	Hiram Blowers, Taylor
	Fergus Potter, Harris,
Uriah Stover, Haines,	John Confer Jr. Harris,
George Bower, Haines,	
T. Walker, Snow Shoe,	Daniel Roush, Miles,
B. F. Homan, Ferguson,	W. C. Farmer, Potter.
W. R. Mattern, Huston,	

TRAVERSE JURORS—2ND WEEK.

Christian Dale, Benner,	Henry Emerick, Gregg
John R. Bair Millheim,	Jacob H. Wile, Haines,
J. H. Holt, Snow Shoe,	Jno. B. Mitchell, Ferguson,
Alex. Cheney, Worth,	
L. T. Munson, Bellefonte,	John Ruth, Miles,
	E. Zimmerman, Boggs,
Geo. W. Rhoads, Benner,	David Dunkle, Sr. Walker,
G. W. Wilson, Union,	H. L. Harvey, Boggs,
G. R. Speigelmyer, Haines,	J. G. Jones, Worth,
	Daniel Beanes, Taylor,
J. B. Lane, Bellefonte,	D. Z. Kline, Bellefonte,
Wm. Beckwith, Worth	Alfred Jones, Philipsburg,
G. M. Swartz, Bellefonte,	
	W. H. Wilkinson, Bellefonte,
D. H. Parker, Philipsburg,	
	Charles Holt, Snow-Shoe,
G. F. Emerick, Benner,	
F. McFarlane, Harris,	Simeon Bathurst, Boggs
David Evans, Potter,	Chas. Eckenroth, Spring
Jas. Dumbleton, Rush,	A. J. Shivery Benner,
G. D. Johnston, Howard	John Lutz, Spring.
Jas. Irvin, Bellefonte,	Dan'l A. Grove, College.

Philipsburg Pellets, via "Journal."

Mr. Cyrus Strickland, ex-superintendent of the Belletonte water works, was in town on Monday. We understand that the laying of the water pipes in this place will be under the supervision of Mr. Strickland.

The digging of ditches for the Philipsburg water works was commenced on Tuesday morning, under the supervision of Mr. Perry Steele, of Bellefonte, who received a sub-contract from Cyrus Strickland for this department of the work. A number of men are at work, and considerable progress has been made.

On several occasions recently the police have been interfered with by women while fulfilling their duty in making arrests. They have had to take several severe lectures and tongue lashes. An officer informed us the other day that the next woman who interferes with his official duties when making arrests would be placed in the lock-up. This wouldn't be very desirable, so the womenfolks will be warned in time.

Through the efforts of Postmaster Mattern the post-office in this place has been made an International Money Order office. Money orders can be obtained payable at money order offices in the following countries, to wit: The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland; the German Empire, Italy, France and Algeria, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, the Netherlands, (Holland) Luxemburg and the Dominion of Canada.

—Farmers who desire to rid their fields of bushes and brambles should take advantage of the long days in August, when the sap is nearly all out the roots of trees and brambles to cut them off close to the ground. A week's delay because of the pressure of business on the farm, will make it necessary to do the work over again another season. Whereas, if all bushes and brambles were cut off the last week in July or the first week in August, an effectual end will be made of them and thus future trouble avoided. Nothing more mars the beauty of a farm than to see fences and ditch banks lined with hedge rows and bushes, and weeds of unhidden growth. Work now done in this direction is paying, and telling work for the farmer.—*Ex.*

—The minister who draws the largest congregations just now is he who preaches but fifteen minutes.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, July 18, 1881.

Wheat, No. 1	$1 00
" " 2	90
" " 3	80
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	45
Corn, shelled, old	50
Oats	40
Cloverseed	4 50@5 25
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 60
Flour, wholesale	5 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$18 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	16 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$7 10
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	9 00

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	10
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	15
Chickens per pound	8
Cheese per pound	15
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Bacon	10
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes per bushel, new	1 00
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	12½
Lemons per doz	35@50
Dried sweet corn per pound	8